EDUCATION PROGRAM

Series 600

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GOALS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE EDUCATION PROGRAM

This series of the board policy manual is devoted to the goals and objectives for the delivery of the education program. The board's objective in the design, contents and the delivery of the education program is to provide an equal opportunity for students to pursue an education free of discrimination on the basis of race, creed, color, sex, national origin, marital status, religion, sexual orientation, gender identity or disability.

In providing the education program of the school district, the board will strive to meet its overall goal of providing the students an opportunity to develop a healthy social, intellectual, emotional, and physical self-concept in a learning environment that provides guidance and encourages critical thinking in students.

In striving to meet this overall goal, the objectives of the education program are to provide students with an opportunity to:

- Acquire basic skills in obtaining information, solving problems, thinking critically and communicating effectively;
- Become effective and responsible contributors to the decision-making processes of the social and political institutions of the community, state and nation;
- Acquire entry-level job skills and knowledge necessary for further education;
- Acquire the capacities for satisfying and responsible roles as family members;
- Acquire knowledge, habits and attitudes that promote personal and public health, both physical and mental;
- Acquire an understanding of ethical principles and values and the ability to apply them to their own lives:
- Develop an understanding of their own worth, abilities, potential and limitations; and,
- Learn and enjoy the process of learning and acquire the skills necessary for a lifetime of continuous learning and adaptation to change.

An advisory committee of representatives of the school district community and the school district is appointed to make recommendations for the goals and objectives of the education program. Annually, the board will report to the committee regarding progress toward achievement of the goals and objectives of the education program.

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Code No. 601.1

SCHOOL CALENDAR

The school calendar shall accommodate the education program of the school district. The school calendar shall be for a minimum of one hundred eighty days and include, but not be limited to, the days for student instruction, staff development, in-service days and teacher conferences.

The academic school year for students shall be for a minimum of one-hundred and eighty days in the school calendar. The academic school year for students may not begin prior to September but may begin in the week in which September 1 falls unless a waiver is obtained from the Iowa Department of Education. Should September 1 fall on a Sunday, school may begin any day during the calendar week which immediately precedes September 1. Employees may be required to report to work at the school district prior to this date.

Special education students may attend school on a school calendar different from that of the regular education program consistent with their Individualized Education Program.

The board, in its discretion, may excuse graduating seniors from up to five days of instruction after the school district requirements for graduation have been met. The board may also excuse graduating seniors from making up days missed due to inclement weather if the student has met the school district's graduation requirements.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to develop the school calendar for recommendation, approval, and adoption by the board annually.

The board may amend the official school calendar when the board considers the change to be in the best interests of the school district's education program.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 20.9; 256.7, 279.10, 280.3 (2013). 281 I.A.C. 12.1(7).		
Cross Reference:	501.3 Compulsory Atto 601.2 School Day 603.3 Special Education		
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SCHOOL DAY

The student school day for grades one through twelve shall consist of a minimum of five and one-half hours, not including the lunch period. The school day consists of the schedule of class instruction and class activities as established and sponsored by the school district. For a 180 day calendar, time during which students are released from school for parent/teacher conferences or professional development may be counted as part of the student's instructional time. The minimum school day shall meet the requirements as established for the operation of accredited schools.

The board may define the number of days kindergarten will be held and the length of each school day for the students attending kindergarten. The school day shall consist of a schedule as recommended by the superintendent and approved by the board.

For a 180 day calendar, the school district may also record a day of school with less than the minimum instructional hours if the total hours of instructional time for grades one through twelve in any five consecutive school days equals a minimum of thirty hours, even though any one day of school is less than the minimum instructional hours because of a staff development opportunity provided for the instructional staff or parent-teacher conferences have been scheduled beyond the regular school day. If the total hours of instructional time for the first four consecutive days equal at least thirty hours because parent-teachers conferences have been scheduled beyond the regular school day, the school district may record zero hours of instructional time on the fifth consecutive school days as a school day. Schedule revisions and changes in time allotments will be made by the superintendent.

When the school is forced to close due to weather or other emergencies, that part of the day during which school was in session will constitute a school day.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to inform the board annually of the length of the school day.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code § 279.8 (2013). 281 I.A.C. 12.1(1), .1(7-10).	
Cross Reference:	601.1 School Calendar	
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CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

Curriculum development is an ongoing process in the school district and consists of both research and design. Research is the studious inquiry and critical investigation of the various content areas for the purpose of revising and improving curriculum and instruction based on relevant information pertaining to the discipline. This study is conducted both internally (what national standards, professional organizations, recognized experts, current research, etc. tell us relative to the content area.) Design is the deliberate process of planning and selecting the standards and instructional strategies that will improve the learning experiences for all students.

A systematic approach to curriculum development (careful research, design, and articulation of the curriculum) serves several purposes:

- Focuses attention on the content standards of each discipline and ensures the identified learnings are rigorous, challenging, and represent the most important learnings for our students.
- Increases the probability that students will acquire the desired knowledge, skills and dispositions and that our schools will be successful in providing appropriate learning experiences.
- Facilitates communication and coordination.
- Improves classroom instruction.

The superintendent shall be responsible for curriculum development and for determine the most effective method of conducting research and design activities. A curriculum framework shall describe the processes and procedures that will be followed in researching, designing, and articulating each curriculum area. This framework will, at a minimum, describe the processes and procedures for the following curriculum development activities to:

- Study the latest thinking, trends, research, and expert advice regarding the content/discipline;
- Study the current status of the content/discipline (what and how well students are currently learning);
- Identify content standards, benchmarks, and grade level expectations for the content/discipline;
- Describe the desired learning behaviors, teaching, and learning environment related to the content/discipline;
- Identify differences in the desired and present program and develop a plan for addressing the differences;
- Communicate with internal and external publics regarding the content area;

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CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

- Involve staff, parents, students, and community members in curriculum development decisions;
- Verify integration of local, state, and/or federal mandates (MCNS, school-to-work, etc.);
- Verify how the standards and benchmarks of the content/discipline support each of the broader student learning goals and provide a K-12 continuum that builds on the prior learning of each level.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to keep the board apprised if necessary curriculum revisions, progress of each content area related to curriculum development activities, and to develop administrative regulations for curriculum development including recommendations to the board.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. § 1232h (2012).

34 C.F.R. Pt. 98 (2012).

Iowa Code §§ 216.9; 256.7, 279.8; 280.3 (2013).

281 I.A.C. 12.8.

Cross Reference: 101 Educational Philosophy of the School District

103 Educational and Operational Planning

602 Curriculum Development603 Instructional Curriculum605 Instructional Materials

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CURRICULUM IMPLEMENTATION

Without careful and continuing attention to implementation, planned changes in curriculum and instruction rarely succeed as intended. How change is put into practice, to a large extent, determines how well it fares.

Implementation refers to what actually happens in practice as compared to what was supposed to happen. Curriculum implementation includes the provision of organized assistance to staff in order to ensure that the newly developed curriculum and the most powerful instructional strategies are actually delivered at the classroom level. There are two components of any implementation effort that must be present to guarantee the planned changes in curriculum and instruction succeed as intended:

- Understanding the conceptual framework of the content/discipline being implemented; and,
- Organized assistance to understand the theory, observe exemplary demonstrations, have opportunities to
 practice, and receive coaching and feedback focused on the most powerful instructional strategies to deliver
 the content at the classroom level.

The superintendent shall be responsible for curriculum implementation and for determining the most effective way of providing organized assistance and monitoring the level of implementation. A curriculum framework shall describe the processes and procedures that will be followed to assist all staff in developing the knowledge and skills necessary to successfully implement the developed curriculum in each content area. This framework will, at a minimum, describe the processes and procedures for the following curriculum implementation activities to:

- Study and identify the best instructional practices and materials to deliver the content;
- Describe procedures for the purchase of instructional materials and resources (See Policy 605.1)
- Identify/develop exemplars that demonstrate the learning behaviors, teaching, and learning environment to deliver the content;
- Study the current status of instruction in the content area (how teachers are teaching);
- Compare the desired and present delivery system, identify differences (gap analysis), and develop a plan for addressing the differences;
- Organize staff into collaborative study teams to support their learning and implementation efforts (address the gaps);
- Provide ongoing professional development related to instructional strategies and materials that focus on theory, demonstration, practice and feedback;
- Regularly monitor and assess the level of implementation;
- Communicate with internal and external publics regarding curriculum implementation;
- Involve staff, parents, students, and community members in curriculum implementation decisions.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to keep the board apprised of curriculum implementation activities, progress of each content area related to curriculum implementation activities, and to develop administrative regulations for curriculum implementation including recommendations to the board.

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CURRICULUM IMPLEMENTATION

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. § 1232h (2012).

34 C.F.R. Pt. 98 (2012).

Iowa Code §§ 216.9;256.7, 279.8; 280.3 (2013).

281 I.A.C. 12.8.

Cross Reference: 101 Educational Philosophy of the School District

105 Long-Range Needs Assessment505 Student Scholastic Achievement602 Curriculum Development

603 Instructional Curriculum

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CURRICULUM EVALUATION

Regular evaluation of the total curriculum is necessary to ensure that the written and delivered curriculum is having the desired effect for students.

Curriculum evaluation refers to an ongoing process of collecting, analyzing, synthesizing, and interpreting information to aid in understanding what students know and can do. It refers to the full range of information gathered in the School District to evaluate (make judgments about) student learning and program effectiveness in each content area.

Curriculum evaluation must be based on information gathered from a comprehensive assessment system that is designed for accountability and committed to the concept that all students will achieve at high levels, is standards-based, and informs decisions which impact significant and sustainable improvements in teaching and student learning.

The superintendent shall be responsible for curriculum evaluation and for determining the most effective way of ensuring that assessment activities are integrated into instructional practices as part of school improvement with a particular focus on improving teaching and learning. A curriculum framework shall describe the procedures that will be followed to establish an evaluation process that can efficiently and effectively evaluate total curriculum. This framework will, at a minimum, describe the procedures for the following curriculum evaluation activities:

- Identify specific purposes for assessing student learning;
- Develop a comprehensive assessment plan;
- Select/develop assessment tools and scoring procedures that are valid and reliable;
- Identify procedures for collecting assessment data;
- Identify procedures for analyzing and interpreting information and drawing conclusions based on the date (including analysis of the performance of various sub-groups of students);
- Identify procedures for establishing at least three levels of performance (specific to the content standard and the assessment tool when appropriate) to assist in determining whether students have achieved at a satisfactory level (at least two levels describe performance that is proficient or advanced and at least one level describes students who are not yet performing at the proficient level);
- Identify procedures for using assessment information to determine long-range and annual improvement goals;
- Identify procedures for using assessment information in making decisions focused on
- Improving teaching and learning (data based decision making);
- Provide support to staff in using data to make instructional decisions;
- Define procedures for regular and clear communication about assessment results to the various internal and external publics (mandatory for communication about students receiving special education services)
- Define data reporting procedures;
- Verify that assessment tools are fair for all students and are consistent with all state and federal mandates;
- Verify that assessment tools measure the curriculum that is written and delivered;

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CURRICULUM EVALUATION

- Identify procedures for deciding when multiple assessment measures are necessary for making good decisions and drawing appropriate conclusions about student learning;
- Identify roles and responsibilities of key groups;
- Involve staff, parents, students, and community members in curriculum evaluation;
- Ensure participation of eligible students receiving special education services in district-wide assessments.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to keep the board apprised of curriculum evaluation activities, the progress of each content area related to curriculum evaluation activities, and to develop administrative regulations for curriculum evaluation including recommendations to the board.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. § 1232h (2012).

34 C.F.R. Pt. 98 (2012).

Iowa Code §§ 216.9; 256.7; 279.8; 280.3 (2013).

281 I.A.C. 12.8

Cross Reference: 101 Educational Philosophy of the School District

105 Long-Range Needs Assessment505 Student Scholastic Achievement

602 Curriculum Development603 Instructional Curriculum

PILOT - EXPERIMENTAL - INNOVATIVE PROJECTS

The board welcomes new ideas in curriculum. Proposals for pilot or experimental projects shall first be reviewed and analyzed by the superintendent. Projects recommended by the superintendent will be considered by the board. Pilot and experimental projects approved by the board, the Iowa Department of Education, or the U. S. Department of Education may be utilized in the education program.

Students, who may be or are asked to participate in a research or experimental project or program, must have their parents' written consent on file prior to participating in the project or program. A research or experimental program or project requiring parents' prior written consent is a program or project designed to explore or develop new or unproven teaching methods or techniques. These programs or projects shall be designated as research or experimental projects or programs. The educational materials of a program or project designated as a research or experimental program or project may be inspected and reviewed by the parents of the students participating or being considered for participation in the program or project. The inspection and review by the parents shall be in accordance with board policy 605.2, "Instructional Materials Inspection."

accordance with board policy 605.2, "Instructional Materials Inspection."	
It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.	

Legal Reference:	20 U.S.C. § 1232h (2012). 34 C.F.R. Pt. 98 (2012). Iowa Code §§ 279.8, .10; 280.3 (2013). 281 I.A.C. 12.5.			
Cross Reference:	602 Curriculum Develop 603 Instructional Curricu			
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BASIC INSTRUCTION PROGRAM

The basic instruction program shall include the courses required for each grade level by the State Department of Education. The instructional approach will be nonsexist and multicultural.

The basic instruction program of students enrolled in kindergarten shall be designed to develop healthy emotional and social habits, language arts and communication skills, the capacity to complete individual tasks, character education and the ability to protect and increase physical well-being with attention given to experiences relating to the development of life skills and human growth and development.

The basic instruction program of students enrolled in grades one through six shall include English-language arts, social studies, mathematics, science, health, human growth and development, physical education, traffic safety, music, character education and visual art.

The basic instruction program of students enrolled in grades seven and eight shall include English-language arts, social studies, mathematics, science, health, human growth and development, family and consumer, career, technology education, physical education, music, character education and visual art.

The basic instruction program of students enrolled in grades nine through twelve shall include character education, English-language arts (8 units), social studies (7 units), mathematics 18 units), science (12 units), health (1 unit), physical education (2 units), fine arts (2 units), foreign language 2 units), and vocational education (33 units).

The board may, in its discretion, offer additional courses in the instruction program for any grade level.

Each instruction program shall be carefully planned for optimal benefit taking into consideration the financial condition of the school district and other factors deemed relevant by the board or superintendent. Each instruction program's plan should describe the program, its goals, the effective materials, the activities and the method for student evaluation.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations stating the required courses and optional courses for kindergarten, grades one through six, grades seven and eight, and grades nine through twelve.

Legal Reference:	20 U.S.C. § 1232h (1934 C.F.R. Pt. 98 (1993 Iowa Code §§ 216.9; 2281 I.A.C. 12.5.		
Cross Reference:	103 Educational and 0505 Student Scholasti602 Curriculum Deve	 Equal Educational Opportunity Educational and Operational Planning Student Scholastic Achievement Curriculum Development Instructional Curriculum 	
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Code No. 603.2

SUMMER SCHOOL INSTRUCTION

Generally, only <u>Reading & Math</u> will be offered during summer school. However, the board, in its discretion, may offer summer school for one or more courses and student activities for students who need additional help and instruction or for enrichment in those areas. This decision shall be within the discretion of the board.

Upon receiving a request for summer school, the board shall weigh the benefit to the students and the school district as well as the school district's budget and availability of licensed employees to conduct summer school.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 279.8, .11; 280.3, .14; 282.1A, .6 (2013).		
Cross Reference:	410.2 603 711.4	Instruction	School Licensed Employees onal Curriculum School Program Transportation Service
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SPECIAL EDUCATION

The board recognizes some students have different educational needs than other students. The board shall provide a free appropriate public education program and related services to students identified in need of special education. The special education services will be provided from birth until the appropriate education is completed, age twenty-one or in accordance with the law. The board shall provide an appropriate education for a student in need of special education. Students requiring special education shall attend general education classes, participate in nonacademic and extracurricular services and activities and receive services in a general education setting to the maximum extent appropriate to the needs of each individual student. The appropriate education for each student shall be written in the student's Individualized Education Program (IEP). The IEP may state that a special education student's interests are best served by the student attending school on a different school calendar than regular education students.

Special education students shall be required to meet the requirements stated in board policy or in their IEPs for graduation. It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent and the area education agency director of special education to provide or make provisions for appropriate special education and related services.

Children from birth through age 2 and children age 3 through ages 5 shall be provided comprehensive special education services within the public education system. The school district shall work in conjunction with the area education agency to provide services, at the earliest appropriate time, to children with disabilities from birth through age 2. This shall be done to ensure a smooth transition of children entitled to early childhood special education services.

Legal Reference: <u>Board of Education v. Rowley</u>, 458 U.S. 176 (1982).

Springdale School District #50 v. Grace, 693 F.2d 41 (8th Cir. 1982).

Southeast Warren Comm. School District v. Dept. of Public Instruction, 285 N.W.2d 173

(Iowa 1979).

20 U.S.C. §§1400 et seq. (2012). 34 C.F.R. Pt. 300 et seq. (2012).

Iowa Code §§ 256.11(7); 256B; 273.1, .2, .5, .9(2)-(3); 280.8 (2013).

281 I.A.C. 41.

Cross Reference: 503 Student Discipline

506 Student Records

505.5 Graduation Requirements

507.2 Administration of Medication to Students

507.8 Student Special Health Services

601.1 School Calendar

603 Instructional Curriculum

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Code No. 603.4

MULTICULTURAL/GENDER FAIR EDUCATION

Students will have an equal opportunity for a quality education without discrimination, regardless of their race, religion, creed, socioeconomic status, color, sex, marital status, national origin, sexual orientation, gender identity or disability.

The education program is free of discrimination and provides equal opportunity for the students. The education program will foster knowledge of and respect and appreciation for the historical and contemporary contributions of diverse cultural groups, as well as men and women, to society. Special emphasis is placed on Asian-Americans, African-Americans, Hispanic-Americans, American Indians, European-Americans, and persons with disabilities. It will also reflect the wide variety of roles open to both men and women and provide equal opportunity to both sexes.

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Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 216.9; 256.11 (2013).
281 I.A.C. 12.5(8).

Cross Reference: 102 Equal Educational Opportunity
600 Goals and Objectives of the Education Program

Approved ______ Reviewed ______ Revised ______

Code No. 603.5

HEALTH EDUCATION

Students in grade levels one through twelve shall receive, as part of their health education, instruction about personal health; food and nutrition; environmental health; safety and survival skills; consumer health; family life; human growth and development; substance abuse and non-use, including the effects of alcohol, tobacco, drugs and poisons on the human body; human sexuality; self-esteem; stress management; interpersonal relationships; emotional and social health; health resources; prevention and control of disease; communicable diseases, including sexually transmitted diseases and acquired immune deficiency syndrome; and current crucial health issues. The purpose of the health education program is to help each student protect, improve and maintain physical, emotional and social well-being.

The areas stated above shall be included in health education and the instruction shall be adapted at each grade level to aid understanding by the students.

Parents who object to health education instruction in human growth and development may file a written request that the student be excused from the instruction. The written request shall include a proposed alternate activity or study acceptable to the superintendent. The superintendent shall have the final authority to determine the alternate activity or study.

Legal Reference:	lowa Code §§ 256.11; 279.8; 280.314 (2013). 281 I.A.C. 12.5.		
Cross Reference:	502 Student Rights at 603 Instructional Cur 607 Instructional Ser	riculum	
Approved	Reviewed	Revised	

Code No. 603.5E1

HUMAN GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT STUDENT EXCUSE FORM

Student Nam	ne:	Grade:
Parent/Guard	lian:	Phone #:
	e curricular objective(s) from which you wis s taught. An example is provided for you to	h to have your child excused and the class or grade in follow.
	<u>Objective</u>	Class/Grade
Ex.	To understand the consequences of responsible and irresponsible sexual behavior.	Health Education/6
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
to be excused may/shall be	d from class when these objectives are taught	ogram goals, objectives, and materials and wish my child t. I understand my child will incur no penalty but ent that relates to the class and is consistent with
Signed:	(Parent or Guardian)	Date:
Signed:	(School Administrator)	Date:

Code No. 603.6

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Students in grades one through twelve shall be required to participate in physical education courses unless they are excused by the principal of their attendance center.

Students may be excused from physical education courses if the student presents a written statement from a doctor stating that such activities could be injurious to the health of the student or the student has been exempted because of a conflict with the student's religious beliefs.

Students in grades 9-12 may also be excused from physical education courses if:

- the student is enrolled in academic courses not otherwise available, or
- the student has obtained a physical education waiver for a semester because the student is actively involved in an athletic program.

Twelfth grade students may also be excused from physical education courses if the student is enrolled in a cooperative, work study or other educational program authorized by the school which requires the student's absence from school.

Students who will not participate in physical education must have a written request or statement from their parents.

Legal Reference:	281 I.A.C. 12.5.		
Cross Reference:	504 Student Activities 603 Instructional Curric	culum	
Approved	Reviewed	Revised	

Code No. 603.7

CAREER EDUCATION

Preparing students for careers is one goal of the education program. Career education will be written into the education program for grades kindergarten through twelve. This education shall include, but not be limited to, awareness of self in relation to others and the needs of society, exploration of employment opportunities, experiences in personal decision-making, and experiences of integrating work values and work skills into their lives.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to assist licensed employees in finding ways to provide career education in the education program. Special attention should be given to courses of vocational education nature. The board, in its review of the curriculum, shall review the means in which career education is combined with other instructional programs.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 256.11, .11A; 280.9 (2013). 281 I.A.C. 12.5(7).		
Cross Reference:	603 Instructional Curr	riculum	
Approved	Reviewed	Revised	

TEACHING ABOUT RELIGION

The school district is required to keep the practice of religion out of the school curriculum. The board recognizes the key role religion has played in the history of the world and authorizes the study of religious history and traditions as part of the curriculum. Preferential or derogatory treatment of a single religion shall not take place.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to ensure the study of religion in the schools in keeping with the following guidelines:

- the proposed activity must have a secular purpose;
- the primary objective of the activity must not be one that advances or inhibits religion; and
- the activity must not foster excessive governmental entanglement with religion.

Legal Reference:

U.S. Const. amend. I.

Lee v. Weisman. 112 S.Ct. 2649 (1992).

Lemon v. Kurtzman, 403 U.S. 602 (1971).

Graham v. Central Community School District of Decatur County, 608 F.Supp. 531 (S.D. Iowa 1985).

Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.6 (2013).

Cross Reference: 603 Instructional Curriculum 604.5 Religious-Based Exclusion from a School Program

606.2 School Ceremonies and Observances

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Code No. 603.8R1

TEACHING ABOUT RELIGION REGULATION - RELIGIOUS HOLIDAYS

The historical and contemporary significance of religious holidays may be included in the education program provided that the instruction is presented in an unbiased and objective manner. The selection of holidays to be studied shall take into account major celebrations of several world religions, not just those of a single religion. Holiday-related activities shall be educationally sound and sensitive to religious differences and shall be selected carefully to avoid the excessive or unproductive use of school time. Teachers shall be especially careful in planning activities that are to take place immediately preceding or on a religious holiday.

Music, art, literature and drama having religious themes (including traditional carols, seasonal songs and classical music) shall be permitted if presented in an objective manner without sectarian indoctrination. The emphasis on religious themes shall be only as extensive as necessary for a balanced and comprehensive study or presentation. Religious content included in student performances shall be selected on the basis of its independent educational merit and shall seek to give exposure to a variety of religious customs, beliefs and forms of expression. Holiday programs, parties or performances shall not become religious celebrations or be used as a forum for religious worship, such as the devotional reading of sacred writings or the recitations of prayers.

The use of religious symbols (e.g. a cross, menorah, crescent, Star of David, lotus blossom, nativity scene or other symbol that is part of a religious ceremony) shall be permitted as a teaching aid, but only when such symbols are used temporarily and objectively to give information about a heritage associated with a particular religion. The Christmas tree, Santa Claus, Easter eggs, Easter bunnies and Halloween decorations are secular, seasonal symbols and as such can be displayed in a seasonal context.

Expressions of belief or nonbelief initiated by individual students shall be permitted in composition, art forms, music, speech and debate. However, teachers may not require projects or activities which are indoctrinational or force students to contradict their personal religious beliefs or nonbeliefs.

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Code No. 603.9

ACADEMIC FREEDOM

The board believes students should have an opportunity to reach their own decisions and beliefs about conflicting points of view. Academic freedom is the opportunity of licensed employees and students to study, investigate, present, interpret, and discuss facts and ideas relevant to the subject matter of the classroom and appropriate to and in good taste with the maturity and intellectual and emotional capacities of the students.

It is the responsibility of the teacher to refrain from advocating partisan causes, sectarian religious views, or biased positions in the classroom or through teaching methods. Teachers are not discouraged from expressing personal opinions as long as students are aware it is a personal opinion and students are allowed to reach their own conclusions independently.

It shall be the responsibility of the principal to ensure academic freedom is allowed but not abused in the classroom.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.3, .6 (2013).		
Cross Reference:	502 Student Rights a 603 Instructional Cu 903.5 Distribution of	rriculum	
Approved	Reviewed	Revised	

Code No. 603.9R1

TEACHING CONTROVERSIAL ISSUES

A "controversial issue" is a topic of significant academic inquiry about which substantial groups of citizens of this community, this state or this nation hold sincere, conflicting points of view.

It is the belief of the board that controversial issues should be fairly presented in a spirit of honest academic freedom so that students may recognize the validity of other points of view but can also learn to formulate their own opinions based upon dispassionate, objective, unbiased study and discussion of the facts related to the controversy.

It is the responsibility of the instructor to present full and fair opportunity and means for students to study, consider and discuss all sides of controversial issues including, but not limited to, political philosophies.

It is the responsibility of the instructor to protect the right of the student to study pertinent controversial issues within the limits of good taste and to allow the student to express personal opinions without jeopardizing the student's relationship with the teacher.

It is the responsibility of the teacher to refrain from advocating partisan causes, sectarian religious views, or selfish propaganda of any kind through any classroom or school device; however, an instructor shall not be prohibited from expressing a personal opinion as long as students are encouraged to reach their own decisions independently.

The board encourages full discussion of controversial issues in a spirit of academic freedom that shows students that they have the right to disagree with the opinions of others but that they also have the responsibility to base the disagreement on facts and to respect the right of others to hold conflicting opinions.

Approved	Reviewed	Revised

Code No. 603.10

GLOBAL EDUCATION

Because of our growing interdependence with other nations in the world, global education is incorporated into
the education program for grades kindergarten through twelve so that students have the opportunity to acquire a
perspective on world issues, problems, and prospects for an awareness of the relationship between an individual's
self-interest and the concerns of people elsewhere in the world.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 256.11, .11A (2013). 281 I.A.C. 12.5(11).		
Cross Reference:	602 Curriculum Develo 603 Instructional Curri	-	
Approved	Reviewed	Revised	

Code No. 603.11

CITIZENSHIP

Being a citizen of the United States, of Iowa and of the school district community entitles students to special privileges and protections as well as requiring the students to assume civic, economic and social responsibilities and to participate in their country, state and school district community in a manner that entitles them to keep these rights and privileges.

As part of the education program, students shall have an opportunity to learn about their rights, privileges, and responsibilities as citizens of this country, state and school district community. As part of this learning opportunity students shall be instructed in the elements of good citizenship and the role quality citizens play in their country, state and school district community.

Legai Reference:	281 I.A.C. 12.3(6), 12.5(3)(b)-(5)(b).	
Cross Reference:	101 Educational Phil502 Student Rights a503 Student Disciplin	•
Approved	Reviewed	Revised

Code No. 604.1 Page 1 of 2

COMPETENT PRIVATE INSTRUCTION

In the event a child of compulsory attendance age, over age six and under age sixteen, does not attend public school or an accredited nonpublic school the child must receive competent private instruction.

A parent choosing competent private instruction for a student must notify the school district prior to the first day of school on forms provided by the school district. The forms are available in the central administration office. One copy of the completed forms will be kept by the school district and another copy will be forwarded to the area education agency.

The superintendent will determine whether the completed form is in compliance with the law. Specifically, the superintendent will determine whether the individual providing the instruction is either the student's parent, guardian, legal custodian or an Iowa licensed practitioner; whether the licensed practitioner's license is appropriate for the age and grade level of the student; that the student is being instructed a minimum of one hundred and forty-eight days per year; that immunization evidence is provided for students placed under competent private instruction for the first time and that the report is timely filed.

The school district shall report noncompliance with the reporting, immunization, attendance, instructor qualifications, and assessment requirements of the compulsory attendance law to the county attorney of the county of residence of the student's parent, guardian or custodian.

Students receiving competent private instruction are eligible to request open enrollment to another school district. Prior to the request for open enrollment, the student shall request dual enrollment in the resident district. The receiving district shall not bill the resident district unless the receiving district complies with the reporting requirements. If the parent, guardian or custodian fails to comply with the compulsory attendance requirements, the receiving district shall notify the resident district. The resident district shall then report the noncompliance to the county attorney of the county of residence of the parent, guardian or custodian.

Students receiving competent private instruction from a parent, guardian or legal custodian must be evaluated annually by May 1 unless such person is properly licensed. The parent, guardian or legal custodian may choose either a standardized test approved by the Iowa Department of Education or a portfolio evaluation. If the parent, guardian or legal custodian chooses standardized testing and the student is dual enrolled, the school district shall pay for the cost of the standardized test and the administration of the standardized test. If the student is not dual enrolled, the parent, guardian or legal custodian shall reimburse the school district for the cost of the standardized test and the administration of the standardized test. If a parent, guardian or legal custodian of a student receiving competent private instruction chooses portfolio assessment as the means of annual assessment, the portfolio evaluator must be approved by the superintendent. Portfolio evaluators must verify that they have received portfolio training. Portfolio evaluators must hold a valid Iowa practitioner's license or teacher certificate appropriate to the ages and grade levels of the children whose portfolios are being assessed. No annual evaluation is required for students receiving competent private instruction from an appropriately licensed or certified Iowa practitioner.

Upon the request of a parent, guardian or legal custodian of a student receiving competent private instruction or upon referral of a licensed practitioner who provides instruction or instructional supervision of a student under competent private instruction, the school district shall refer a student who may require special education to the area education agency, Division of Special Education, for evaluation.

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Approved	Reviewed	Revised	

Code No. 604.1 Page 2 of 2

COMPETENT PRIVATE INSTRUCTION

Students in competent private instruction must make adequate progress. Adequate progress includes scoring at the thirtieth percentile on a standardized test or a report by the portfolio evaluator indicating adequate progress. Students who fail to make adequate progress under competent private instruction provided by the student's parent, guardian or legal custodian shall attend an accredited public or nonpublic school beginning the next school year. The parent, guardian or legal custodian of a student who fails to make adequate progress may apply to the director of the Department of Education for approval of continued competent private instruction under a remediation plan.

The remediation plan shall be for no more than one year. Before the beginning of the school year, the student may be re-tested and if the student achieves adequate progress the student may remain in competent private instruction.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 256.11; 279.10, .11; 299.1-.6, .11, .15, .24, 299A (2013).

281 I.A.C. 31.

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

504 Student Activities

507.1 Student Health and Immunization Certificates

604.7 Dual Enrollment

604.9 Home School Assistance Program

Code No. 604.1E1 Page 1 of 6

COMPETENT PRIVATE INSTRUCTION REPORT IOWA CODE § 299.4 20__-20__ School Year

FORM A – (must be filed every year)	Date when returned
(Completed by the Parent, Guardian, or Le	egal or Actual Custodian)

Required information: See instructions before completing.

The an, or lega is and rep doe rict ited sec nor hor

al dort es ret eret npu me	or actual custod is required if the not attend an locary by August 2 blic school or 1 school assistar	ation is required in accordance with dian must submit this report in dupline student is 6 years old on or before public or accredited nonpublic 26 or within 14 calendar days of re 4 calendar days from moving into ince program, please notify the distinuity Information: (Name and birth or	icate to the sore Septembers Septembers School. Return moving the sthe school dirict if you pla	school district per 15 and no urn this form student from istrict. (If you n to dually en	t of residence. The style of the total to the school distract a public or accredulare enrolled in a controll.)
1110	Name:			Birth Date:	
2)		dress of person filing report. (Plea			
	Name		Parent	Guardian	Legal or Actual Custodian
	Address:		City, Zip:		Gastoalari
	Phone # (optional)				
3)		Evidence: If filing Form A for the 1 unization is required of all children rec			
		Program Information: e of study on a separate page(s).	Attach lesso	n plans on se	eparate page(s).
	Subject:	Text, Publisher, and Author:		Time	Spent:

Subject: Text, Publisher, and Author:		
	Text, Publisher, and Author:	

5) List number of days of instruction under competent private instruction _____ (must be at least 148 days per academic year, Iowa Code section 299A.1)

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COMPETENT PRIVATE INSTRUCTION REPORT

6)	If an a	ppropriatel	y licensed	Iowa tea	acher will	provide (or superv	ise the	parent,	guardian,	or legal
or	actual c	custodian ir	n providing	the inst	ruction, g	ive the te	eacher's i	name ai	nd folde	r number.	

7)						
	Name:	Teacher Folder Number:				
	Address:	Teacher signature- (optional):				
	City, State / Zip:	Phone Number- (optional):				
8) If an lowa licensed teacher is not providing instruction or supervising, the parent, guardian, or legal or actual custodian providing instruction to the child, the child must take an annual assessment. (Please see the acceptable annual assessments listed in this handbook, page 18). The school district will notify parents, guardians, or legal or actual custodians by October 1st of testing dates.)						
Parent/Guardian/Legal or Actual Custodian Signature (required):						

Code No. 604.1E1 Page 3 of 6

COMPETENT PRIVATE INSTRUCTION REPORT

The Following Information is Optional....

However, if you want your child to access special education programs or services. Or if your child plans to participate in any academic or extracurricular activities at your local school district complete the following #8 and #9. You may also choose to dually enroll your child to have your child's annual assessment provided at no charge to you.

assessment	provided at no charge to you.					
sought fr receive C custodiar	8) If the child is currently identified as a child requiring special education, prior approval must be sought from the special education director at the Area Education Agency before the child may receive Competent Private Instruction in Iowa unless the parent, guardian, or legal or actual custodian of the child does not consent to initial evaluation or to reevaluation of the child for recof special education services or programs. Iowa Code section 299A.9					
	ild currently identified as a child requirinn? YesNo	ng special education pursuant to the rules of special				
	u consented to initial evaluation or to renservices or programs? YesNo_	evaluation of the child for receipt of special				
	n? Yes No (If no, skip to #10 Dual enrollment is desired for:	rities Special Education Testing				
1st S	Semester:	2nd Semester:				
	ou desire to enroll in a Home School As rual enrollment information from page 1	ssistance Program if offered? Yes No 3 in the CPI handbook).				
Parent/Guard	dian/Legal or Actual Custodian Signatu	re (required):				

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COMPETENT PRIVATE INSTRUCTION REPORT

Instructions for Form A

Parents, guardians, or legal or actual custodians with children under competent private instruction need to submit two copies of Form A to the local public school district. After the school district receives and checks the form for completion, one copy of the form should be filed with the local district and the other copy the district sends to the secretary of the AEA. **DO NOT SEND A COPY TO THE Department of Education. NOTE: If you change your district of residence during the school year, you must also complete this form for your new district of residence.**

The due date is **August 26** or no more than 14 calendar days after the child has been removed from an Iowa accredited school or after moving into the district.

The form is designed to allow the parent, guardian, or legal or actual custodian to provide the required information, items 1-6 and parent/guardian/legal or actual custodian signature. Item 7 is informational. Items 8, 9 and 10 are optional. If you plan to dual enroll your child in an academic course or extracurricular activity, complete item 9. (See the timeline (Link to Timeline) for an explanation of the dual enrollment deadline in the CPI handbook.)

Items 1 & 2: All information must be supplied. Only one child per form.

Item 3: If filing Form A for the first time, attach immunization evidence. A child who begins home schooling/competent private instruction for the first time in Iowa (including children enrolled in a HSAP) must have received the required immunizations unless parents, guardians, or legal or actual custodians file a doctor's statement or an affidavit of religious exemption as outlined in section 139A.8, Code of Iowa. For exemption forms, please call 1-888-398-9696.

Item 4: List the subjects taught, the texts used, the text publisher or author, and the amount of time spent on each subject listed. Parents, guardians, or legal or actual custodians need to attach the course of study information separately. Lesson plans may be accepted for the entire year or for shorter periods of time. The lessons should show evidence of planning.

Item 5: The number listed must be at least 148 school days. Exception: If a child was enrolled in a public or accredited nonpublic school during the current academic year, then switched to home schooling, the number on this line may be the number of days remaining of the 148 school days after subtracting the number of days the child was in attendance in the school.

Item 6: In some situations, a person other than the child's parent, guardian, or legal or actual custodian either provides or supervises the instruction for the child. This person must hold a valid Iowa-teaching license appropriate to the age and grade of the child. The teacher's name, address, and folder number must be provided in this item. The school district will check the licensure of this person by contacting the Bureau of Practitioner Preparation and Licensure, Iowa Department of Education at the following website www.boee.iowa.gov or by calling (1-515-281-3245). If item 6 is blank, and the child is between the ages of 7 and 15, inclusive, during the current school year, the child is subject to the baseline evaluation/annual assessment requirement. (If parent/guardian/legal or actual custodian is a licensed teacher or working with a licensed teacher who holds a license appropriate to the age and grade of the child, the child is not required to take an annual assessment. If the child is enrolled in a private school accredited by a regional or national accrediting organization, the child's annual report card can be submitted as a report of annual assessment. A courtesy test may be requested, see note in item number 7.)

Code No. 604.1E1 Page 5 of 6

COMPETENT PRIVATE INSTRUCTION REPORT

Item 7: Children receiving competent private instruction are subject to the assessment requirement if they fit both of these criteria:

- 1. AGE--the child is between the ages of 7 and 15, inclusive, of the current school year.
- 2. TEACHER--the child's instruction is not provided or supervised by a person holding a valid Iowa teacher license appropriate to the age and grade of the child.

All children fitting both criteria must have a baseline evaluation in their first year of home schooling. Each year after the baseline evaluation, as long as they still fit both criteria, they need an annual assessment of educational progress, which may be conducted using standardized testing, portfolio assessment, or a report card from an accredited correspondence school. Children under or over the age limits by September 15 are not subject to the annual assessment. Likewise, if an appropriately licensed Iowa teacher provides or supervises a parent, guardian, or legal or actual custodian in providing the child's instruction, the child is not subject to assessment, regardless of age.

Subjects that must be assessed:

- - For children up through grade 5: Reading, Language Arts, and Mathematics:
- - For children in grades 6-12: Reading, Language Arts, Mathematics, Science, and Social Studies.

Home-schooled children for whom standardized testing has been selected as their method of annual assessment must be tested annually in these subjects even if the school district does not test its own students. National percentile ranks and national grade equivalents must be included on the score report from the test scoring service.

A detailed list of tests is <u>in this handbook</u> and also on the website located at: http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_content&task=view&id=301&Itemid=1335.

Schools or AEAs providing the testing should attempt to accommodate these preferences. Schools may provide the testing themselves or may delegate it to the AEA. Schools should notify parents, guardians, or legal or actual custodians by October 1 of the dates, sites, and time of testing. If parents, guardians, or legal or actual custodians of a student subject to the assessment requirement request testing in their home, it must be provided at that site and at no cost to the parents, guardians, or legal or actual custodians if the child is dually enrolled. If the child is not dually enrolled, the school should advise the parents, guardians, or legal or actual custodians of the costs that will be charged to them (see FAQ #36 in the CPI handbook). If a portfolio is used as an annual assessment, the parent, guardian, or legal or actual custodian identifies the licensed teacher to evaluate the portfolio. The deadline for completing assessments or submitting portfolio to evaluator is May 1st of each year and the test administrator or portfolio evaluator must send a copy of the results to the parents, guardians, legal or actual custodians, and the school district by June 30. An evaluator holding an elementary teaching license is appropriate for evaluating a portfolio for students in grades K-6, a middle school license for grades 5-8, and a secondary classroom teacher license is appropriate for grades 7-12. 281-IAC 31.8(3)

Special note about "courtesy testing." Occasionally, parents, guardians, or legal or actual custodians of children who are not subject to the baseline evaluation/annual assessment requirement may want their child tested anyway. As when an annual assessment is required, if the child is dually enrolled, the school or AEA must provide the testing free of charge to the parents, guardians, or legal or actual custodians.

Code No. 604.1E1 Page 6 of 6

COMPETENT PRIVATE INSTRUCTION REPORT

Items 8, 9, and 10 are optional

Item 8: A child of compulsory attendance age, who is identified as requiring special education under chapter 256B and is receiving Competent Private Instruction, is eligible for placement under Competent Private Instruction with prior approval of the placement by the director of special education of the area education agency of the child's

district of residence. It is the duty of the parent, guardian, or legal or actual custodian to send a copy of Form A to the school district and the Area Education Agency Director of Special Education for approval. Iowa Code section 299A.9 However, this consent is not required if the parent, guardian, legal, or actual custodian does not consent to initial evaluation or to reevaluation of the child for receipt of special education services or programs.

Note: In order for a child who receives CPI to receive special education services, the child must be dually enrolled. (See Item 9)

Item 9: Dually enrolled students may participate in coursework or activities on the same basis as regularly enrolled students. This item is required if parents, guardians, or legal or actual custodians wish to have their children participate in an academic course or extracurricular activity. Dual enrollment is also required if the child is to receive special education programs or services. If parents, guardians, or legal or actual custodians want their child dually enrolled in a course or activity the course or activities need to be listed. Districts need to develop procedures to ensure that dually enrolled students and their parents, guardians, or legal or actual custodians are given adequate notice of the time and place of the activities they have chosen. The deadline for dual enrollment is September 15 if the parents, guardians, or legal or actual custodians begin CPI at the start of the school year, 14 calendar days after moving, or 14 calendar days after withdrawing from school. The district may deny dual enrollment if the request is after the deadline.

Item 10: School districts are not required to offer a home school assistance program. If your local school district has a program, students will be supervised by a licensed teacher that is hired by the school district. To participate in courses or activities that are offered by the school, the child must be dually enrolled. (This item is designed to help districts determine if they need to start a program.)

SCHOOLS-Please give parents, guardians, or legal or actual custodians the FERPA (page 20 in CPI handbook) notification letter when a Form A is requested. Districts shall determine what directory information is and who the local contact is. When the parent, guardian, or legal or actual custodian gives "opt out" instructions to the school, the AEA's have requested that the LEA send a copy to them.

PARENTS/GUARDIANS/LEGAL or ACTUAL CUSTODIANS-Please review the FERPA form and return to the school.

Code No. 604.2

INDIVIDUALIZED INSTRUCTION

The board's primary responsibility in the management of the school district is the operation and delivery of the regular education program. Generally, students attending the school district shall receive the regular education program offered by the district. Only in exceptional circumstances will the board approve students receiving individualized instruction at the expense of the school district.

Recommendations from the superintendent for individualized instruction will state the need for the instruction, the objectives and goals sought for the instruction, the employee requirements for the instruction, the implementation

procedures for the instruction.	struction and the evaluation procedures and processes that will be used to assess the value
It is the responsibility	of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations for individualized instruction
Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 256.11; 279.8, .10, .11; 280.3, .14; 299.16, .11, .15, .24; 299A (2013).
Cross Reference:	501.12 Pregnant Students 604.1 Competent Private Instruction

Approved _____ Reviewed ____ Revised ____

Code No. 604.3

PROGRAM FOR TALENTED AND GIFTED STUDENTS

The board recognizes some students require programming beyond the regular education program. The board shall identify students with special abilities and provide education programming.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop a talented and gifted program which provides for identifying students, for program evaluation, and for training of employees.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 257.42 281 I.A.C. 12.5(12); 59	• •
Cross Reference:	505 Student Scholast 604.6 Instruction at a I	ic Achievement Post-Secondary Education Institution
Approved	Reviewed	Revised

Code No. 604.4

PROGRAM FOR AT-RISK STUDENTS

The board recognizes some students require additional assistance in order to graduate from the regular education program. The board shall provide a plan to encourage and provide an opportunity for at-risk students to achieve their potential and obtain their high school diploma.

It will be the responsibility of the superintendent to develop a plan for students at-risk which provides for identifying students, for program evaluation, and for the training of employees.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 257.38- 281 I.A.C. 12.5(13); 3	.41; 280.19, .19A (2013). 33; 61; 65.
Cross Reference:	505 Student Scholas 607.1 Student Guidan	tic Achievement ace and Counseling Program
Approved	Reviewed	Revised

RELIGIOUS-BASED EXCLUSION FROM A SCHOOL PROGRAM

Parents who wish to have their child excluded from a school program because of religious beliefs must inform the superintendent. The board authorizes the administration to allow the exclusion if it is not disruptive to the education program and it does not infringe on a compelling state or educational interest. Further, the exclusion must not interfere with other school district operations.

In notifying the superintendent, the parents shall abide by the following:

- The notice shall be in writing;
- The objection shall be based on religious beliefs;
- The objection shall state which activities or studies violate their religious beliefs;
- The objection shall state why these activities or studies violate their religious beliefs; and
- The objection shall state a proposed alternate activity or study.

Approved _____ Reviewed ____ Revised ____

The superintendent shall have discretion to make this determination. The factors the superintendent shall consider when a student requests to be excluded from a program or activity because of religious beliefs include, but are not limited to, staff available to supervise a student who wishes to be excluded, space to house the student while the student is excluded, available superintendent-approved alternative course of study or activity while the student is excluded, number of students who wish to be excluded, whether allowing the exclusion places the school in a position of supporting a particular religion, and whether the program or activity is required for promotion to the next grade level or for graduation.

Students who are allowed to be excluded from a program or activity which violates their religious beliefs shall be required to do an alternate supervised activity or study.

Legal Reference:	U.S. Const. amend. I.
	<u>Lee v. Weisman</u> , 112 S.Ct. 2649 (1992).
	Lemon v. Kurtzman, 403 U.S. 602 (1971).
	Graham v. Central Community School District of Decatur County, 608 F.Supp. 531 (S.D. Iowa 1985).
	Iowa Code §§ 256.11(6); 279.8 (2013).
Cross Reference:	603 Instructional Curriculum
	606.2 School Ceremonies and Observances

Code No. 604.6 Page 1 of 2

INSTRUCTION AT A POST-SECONDARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION

Students in grades nine through twelve may receive academic or vocational-technical credits that count toward the graduation requirements set out by the board for courses successfully completed in post-secondary educational institutions. The student may receive academic or vocational-technical credits through an agreement between a post-secondary educational institutions or with the board's approval on a case-by-case basis.

Students in grades nine through twelve who successfully complete courses in post-secondary educational institutions under an agreement between the school district and the post-secondary educational institution shall receive academic and vocational-technical credits in accordance with the agreement.

Students in grades eleven and twelve may enroll in a post-secondary educational institution for academic or vocational-technical credits with the board's approval on a case-by-case basis. Students who intend to enroll in a post-secondary educational institution shall notify the school district during the course scheduling process prior to each semester. Students may attend courses at a post-secondary educational institution only after the school district certifies that the student is eligible to attend under this policy.

Students in grades eleven and twelve who are not enrolled full-time in the school district shall receive academic or vocational-technical credit toward the graduation requirements set out by the board for successful completion of courses at a post-secondary educational institution. Successful completion of the course shall be determined by the post-secondary educational institution. A student attending credit-bearing courses in a high school for the available hours of instruction is a full-time student. The board shall have complete discretion to determine the academic or vocational-technical credit to be awarded to the student.

Students who have completed the eleventh grade but who have not completed the graduation requirements set out by the board may take up to seven semester hours of credit at a post-secondary educational institution during the summer months when school is not in session. Upon successful completion of these summer courses, the students shall receive academic or vocational-technical credit toward the graduation requirements set out by the board. Successful completion of the course shall be determined by the post-secondary educational institution. The board shall have complete discretion to determine the academic credit to be awarded to the student for the summer courses.

The following factors shall be considered in the board's determination of whether a student will receive academic or vocational-technical credit toward the graduation requirements set out by the board for a course at a post-secondary educational institution:

- the course is taken from a public or accredited private post-secondary educational institution;
- a comparable course is not offered in the school district. A comparable course is one in which the subject matter or the purposes and objectives of the course are similar, in the judgment of the board, to a course offered in the school district;

Approved	Reviewed	Revised	

Code No. 604.6 Page 2 of 2

INSTRUCTION AT A POST-SECONDARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION

- the course is in the discipline areas of mathematics, science, social sciences, humanities, vocational-technical education, or a course offered in the community college career options program;
- the course is a credit-bearing course that leads to a degree;
- the course is not religious or sectarian; and
- the course meets any other requirements set out by the board.

Students in grades eleven and twelve who take courses, other than courses taken under an agreement between the school district and the post-secondary educational institution, shall be responsible for transportation without reimbursement to and from the location where the course is being offered.

Ninth and tenth grade talented and gifted students and all students in grades eleven and twelve will be reimbursed for tuition and other costs directly related to the course up to \$250. Students who take courses during the summer months when school is not in session shall be responsible for the costs of attendance for the courses.

Students who fail the course and fail to receive credit shall reimburse the school district for all costs directly related to the course. Prior to registering for the course, students under age eighteen shall have a parent sign a form indicating that the parent is responsible for the costs of the course should the student fail the course and fail to receive credit for the course. Students who fail the course and fail to receive credit for the course for reasons beyond their control, including, but not limited to, the student's incapacity, death in the family or a move to another district, may not be responsible for the costs of the course. The school board may waive reimbursement of costs to the school district for the previously listed reasons. Students dissatisfied with a school board's decision shall appeal to the AEA for a waiver of reimbursement.

The superintendent shall be responsible for annually notifying students and parents of the opportunity to take courses at post-secondary educational institutions in accordance with this policy. The superintendent shall also be responsible for developing the appropriate forms and procedures for implementing this policy.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 256.11, .11A; 261E.6, E.7.; 279.8; 280.3, .14 (2013).

281 I.A.C. 12, 22.

Cross Reference: 505 Student Scholastic Achievement

604.3 Program for Talented and Gifted Students

DUAL ENROLLMENT

The parent, guardian, or custodian of a student receiving competent private instruction may also enroll the student in the school district. The student shall be considered under dual enrollment. The parent, guardian, or custodian requesting dual enrollment for the student should notify the board secretary prior to the third Friday of September each year on forms provided by the school district. On the form, they shall indicate the extracurricular and academic activities in which the student is interested in participating. The forms are available at the central administration office.

A dual enrollment student is eligible to participate in the school district's extracurricular and academic activities in the same manner as other students enrolled in the school district. The policies and administrative rules of the school district shall apply to the dual enrollment students in the same manner as the other students enrolled the school district. These policies and administrative rules shall include, but not be limited to, athletic eligibility requirements, the good conduct rule, academic eligibility requirements, and payment of the fees required for participation.

A dual enrollment student whose parent, guardian, or custodian has chosen standardized testing as the form of the student's annual assessment will not be responsible for the cost of the test or the administration of the test.

The school district shall notify the dual enrollment student of the extracurricular and academic activities in which the student wishes to participate.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 279.8, 299A (2013).

281 I.A.C. 31.

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

503 Student Discipline504 Student Activities

507 Student Health and Well-Being604.1 Competent Private Instruction604.9 Home School Assistance Program

Approved _	Reviewed	Revised	
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Code No. 604.8

FOREIGN STUDENTS

Foreign students must meet all district entrance requirements including age, place of residence and immunization. Foreign students must be approved by the board. The board reserves the right to limit the number of foreign students accepted. Students who are citizens of a foreign country will be considered residents if they meet one of the following requirements:

- The student resides with his/her parents(s) or legal guardian;
- The student is in the United States with appropriate documentation (Form I-20) from the United States Department of Justice-Immigration and Naturalization Services; or
- The student is a participant in a recognized foreign exchange program; and
- The student is physically able to attend school and has provided the school district with such proof, including a current TB test.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code § 279.8 (2013).	
Cross Reference:	501 Student Attendance 507.1 Student Health and Imm	nunization Certificates
Approved	Reviewed	Revised

Code No. 604.9

HOME SCHOOL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

The board, recognizing alternatives to education outside the formal public school system, authorizes the establishment of a home school assistance program. This program will assist students receiving competent private instruction by providing licensed employees of the school district to assist the parent, guardian or legal custodian in the education of the student.

The parent, guardian or legal custodian registering for the home school assistance program will agree to comply with the requirements established by the faculty of the program.

Students registered for the home school assistance program will be counted in the basic enrollment.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 2 281 I.A.C. 31.	99A (2013).
Cross Reference:	504 Student Activitie 507 Student Health a 604.1 Competent Privi 604.7 Dual Enrollmen	nd Well-Being ate Instruction
Approved	Reviewed	Revised

Code No. 604.10

VIRTUAL/ON-LINE COURSES

The board recognizes that on-line coursework may be a good alternative for students to not only meet graduation requirements, but also have the opportunity to take advanced or other courses not offered by the school district.

High school students may earn a maximum of 20 credits to be applied toward graduation requirements by completing on-line courses offered through agencies approved by the board, such as the Iowa On-Line Learning. Credit from an on-line or virtual course may be earned only in the following circumstances:

- The student must take five courses offered at the high school in addition to on-line courses;
- The course is not offered at the high school;
- Although the course is offered at the high school, the student will not be able to take it due to an unavoidable scheduling conflict that would keep the student from meeting graduation requirements;
- The course will serve as a supplement to extended homebound instruction;
- The student has been expelled from the regular school setting, but educational services are to be continued; or
- The principal, with the agreement from the student's teachers and parents, determines the student requires a differentiated or accelerated learning environment;

Students applying for permission to take a virtual course shall complete prerequisites and provide teacher/counselor recommendations to confirm the student possesses the maturity level needed to function effectively in an on-line learning environment. In addition, the express approval of the principal shall be obtained before a student enrolls in an on-line course. The school must receive an official record of the final grade before credit toward graduation will be recognized.

Provided courses are part of the student's regular school day coursework and within budgetary parameters, the costs for a virtual course, such as textbooks or school supplies, shall be borne by the school district for students enrolled full-time.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations to implement this policy.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code § 279.8 (281 I.A.C. 15	2013)	
Cross Reference:	605.6 Internet App 501.6 Student Tran	•	
Approved	Reviewed	Revised	

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS SELECTION

The board recognizes that the selection of instructional materials is a vital component of the school district's curriculum.

The board has sole discretion to approve instructional materials for the school district. The board delegates its authority to determine which instructional materials will be utilized and purchased by the school district to licensed employees. The licensed employees shall work closely together to ensure vertical and horizontal articulation of textbooks in the education program.

The board may appoint an ad hoc committee for the selection of instructional materials. The committee may be composed of school district employees, parents, students, community members or representatives of community groups.

In reviewing current instructional materials for continued use and in selecting additional instructional materials, the licensed employees shall consider the current and future needs of the school district as well as the changes and the trends in education and society. It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to report to the board the action taken by the selection committee.

In making its recommendations to the superintendent, the licensed employees will select materials which:

- support the educational philosophy, goals and objectives of the school district;
- consider the needs, age, and maturity of students;
- are within the school district's budget;
- foster respect and appreciation for cultural diversity and difference of opinion;
- stimulate growth in factual knowledge and literary appreciation;
- encourage students to become decision-makers, to exercise freedom of thought and to make independent judgment through the examination and evaluation of relevant information, evidence and differing viewpoints;
- portray the variety of careers, roles, and lifestyles open to persons of both sexes; and,
- increase an awareness of the rights, duties, and responsibilities of each member of a multicultural society.

In the case of textbooks, the board shall make the final decision after a recommendation from the superintendent. The criteria stated above for selection of instructional materials shall also apply to the selection of textbooks. The superintendent may appoint licensed employees to assist in the selection of textbooks.

Gifts of instructional materials must meet these criteria stated above for the selection of instructional materials. The gift must be received in compliance with board policy 704.4 "Gifts - Grants - Bequests."

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.3, .14; 301 (2013).		
Cross Reference:	 208 Ad Hoc Committees 505 Student Scholastic Achievement 602 Curriculum Development 605 Instructional Materials 		
Approved	Reviewed	Revised	

Code No. 605.1R1
Page 1 of 5

SELECTION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- I. Responsibility for Selection of Instructional Materials
 - A. The Board is responsible for matters relating to the operation of the North Union Community School District.
 - B. The responsibility for the selection of instructional materials is delegated to the professionally trained and licensed employees of the school system. For the purpose of this rule the term "instructional materials" includes printed and audiovisual materials (not equipment), whether considered text materials or media center materials. The board retains the final authority for the approval of textbooks.
 - C. While selection of materials may involve many people including principals, teachers, students, parents, community members and media specialists, the responsibility for coordinating the selection of most instructional materials and making the recommendation for the purchase rests with licensed employees. For the purpose of this rule the term "media specialist" includes librarians, school media specialists or other appropriately licensed persons responsible for the selection of media equipment and materials.
 - D. Responsibility for coordinating the selection of text materials for distribution to classes will rest with the licensed employees, principal and superintendent. For the purpose of this rule the term 'text materials' includes textbooks and other printed and nonprinted material provided in multiple copies for use of a total class or major segment of a class.
 - E. If the board appoints an ad hoc committee to make recommendations on the selection of instructional materials, the ad hoc committee shall be formed and appointed in compliance with the board policy on Ad Hoc Committees.
 - 1. The superintendent will inform the committee as to their role and responsibility in the process.
 - 2. The following statement shall be given to the ad hoc committee members:

Bear in mind the principles of the freedom to learn and to read and base your decision on these broad principles rather than on defense of individual materials. Freedom of inquiry is vital to education in a democracy.

Study thoroughly all materials referred to you and read available reviews. The general acceptance of the materials should be checked by consulting standard evaluation aids and local holdings in other schools.

Passages or parts should not be pulled out of context. The values and faults should be weighed against each other and the opinions based on the material as a whole.

Your report, presenting both majority and	minority opinions, will	be presented by the p	rincipal to the complainant
at the conclusion of our discussion of the o	questioned material.		

Approved	Reviewed	Revised

Code No. 605.1R1 Page 2 of 5

SELECTION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- II. Material selected for use in libraries and classrooms shall meet the following guidelines:
 - A. Religion Material shall represent the major religions in a factual, unbiased manner. The primary source material of the major religions shall be considered appropriate, but material which advocates rather than informs, or is designed to sway reader judgment regarding religion, shall not be included in the school libraries or classrooms.
 - B. Racism Material shall present a diversity of race, custom, culture, and belief as a positive aspect of the nation's heritage and give candid treatment to unresolved intercultural problems, including those which involve prejudice, discrimination, and the undesirable consequences of withholding rights, freedom, or respect of an individual.
 - C. Sexism Material shall reflect a sensitivity to the needs, rights, traits and aspirations of men and women without preference or bias.
 - D. Age Material shall recognize the diverse contributions of various age groups and portray the continuing contributions of maturing members of society.
 - E. Ideology Material shall present basic primary and factual information on an ideology or philosophy of government which exerts or has exerted a strong force, either favorably or unfavorably, over civilization or society, past or present. This material shall not be selected with the intention to sway reader judgment and shall be related to the maturity level of the intended audience.
 - F. Profanity and Sex Material shall be subjected to a test of literary merit and reality by the media specialists and licensed staff who will take into consideration their reading of public and community standards of morality.
 - G. Controversial issues materials will be directed toward maintaining a balanced collection representing various views.

The selection decision should be made on the basis of whether the material presents an accurate representation of society and culture, whether the circumstances depicted are realistically portrayed, or whether the material has literary or social value when the material is viewed as a whole.

These guidelines shall not be construed in such a manner as to preclude materials which accurately represent the customs, morals, manners, culture, or society of a different time or a different place.

III. Procedure for Selection

A. Material purchased for libraries and classrooms shall be recommended for purchase by licensed employees, in consultation with administrative staff, media center staff, students or an ad hoc committee as appointed by the board. The material recommended for purchase shall be approved by the appropriate building administrator.

SELECTION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- 1. The materials selected shall support stated objectives and goals of the school district. Specifically, the goals are:
 - a. To acquire materials and provide service consistent with the demands of the curriculum:
 - b. To develop students' skills and resourcefulness in the use of libraries and learning resources;
 - c. To effectively guide and counsel students in the selection and use of materials and libraries:
 - d. To foster in students a wide range of significant interests;
 - e. To provide opportunities for aesthetic experiences and development of an appreciation of the fine arts;
 - f. To provide materials to motivate students to examine their own attitudes and behaviors and to comprehend their own duties and responsibilities as citizens in a pluralistic democracy;
 - g. To encourage life-long education through the use of the library; and,
 - h. To work cooperatively and constructively with the instructional and administrative staff in the school.
- 2. Materials selected shall be consistent with stated principles of selection. These principles are:
 - a. To select material, within established standards, which will meet the goals and objectives of the school district;
 - b. To consider the educational characteristics of the community in the selection of materials within a given category;
 - c. To present the sexual, racial, religious and ethnic groups in the community by:
 - 1. Portraying people, both men and women, adults and children, whatever their ethnic, religious or social class identity, as human and recognizable, displaying a familiar range of emotions, both negative and positive.
 - 2. Placing no constraints on individual aspirations and opportunity.
 - 3. Giving comprehensive, accurate, and balanced representation to minority groups and women in art and science, history and literature, and in all other fields of life and culture.
 - 4. Providing abundant recognition of minority groups and women by showing them frequently in positions of leadership and authority.
 - d. To intelligently, quickly, and effectively anticipate and meet needs through awareness of subjects of local, national and international interest and significance; and.
 - e. To strive for impartiality in the selection process.
- 3. The materials selected shall meet stated selection criteria. These criteria are:
 - a. Authority-Author's qualifications education, experience, and previously published works;
 - b. Reliability:
 - 1. Accuracy-meaningful organization and emphasis on content, meets the material's goals and objectives, and presents authoritative and realistic factual material.
 - 2. Current-presentation of content which is consistent with the finding of recent and authoritative research.

SELECTION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- c. Treatment of subject-shows an objective reflection for the multi-ethnic character and cultural diversity of society.
- d. Language:
 - 1. Vocabulary:
 - a. Does not indicate bias by the use of words which may result in negative value judgments about groups of people;
 - b. Does not use "man" or similar limiting word usage in generalization or ambiguities which may cause women to feel excluded or dehumanized.
 - 2. Compatible to the reading level of the student for whom it is intended.
- e. Format:
 - 1. Book
 - a. Adequate and accurate index;
 - b. Paper of good quality and color;
 - c. Print adequate and well spaced;
 - d. Adequate margins;
 - e. Firmly bound; and,
 - f. Cost.
 - 2. Nonbook
 - a. Flexibility, adaptability;
 - b. Curricular orientation of significant interest to students;
 - c. Appropriate for audience;
 - d. Accurate authoritative presentation;
 - e. Good production qualities (fidelity, aesthetically adequate);
 - f. Durability; and,
 - g. Cost.
 - 3. Illustrations of book and nonbook materials should:
 - a. Depict instances of fully integrated grouping and settings to indicate equal status and nonsegregated social relationships.
 - b. Make clearly apparent the identity of minorities;
 - c. Contain pertinent and effective illustrations;
 - 4. Flexible to enable the teacher to use parts at a time and not follow a comprehensive instructional program on a rigid frame of reference.
- f. Special Features:
 - 1. Bibliographies.
 - 2. Glossary.
 - 3. Current charts, maps, etc.
 - 4. Visual aids.
 - 5. Index.
 - 6. Special activities to stimulate and challenge students.
 - 7. Provide a variety of learning skills.
- g. Potential use:
 - 1. Will it meet the requirement of reference work?
 - 2. Will it help students with personal problems and adjustments?
 - 3. Will it serve as a source of information for teachers and librarians?
 - 4. Does it offer an understanding of cultures other than the student's own and is it free of racial, religious, age, disability, ethnic, and sexual stereotypes?

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SELECTION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

- 5. Will it expand students' sphere of understanding and help them to understand the ideas and beliefs of others?
- 6. Will it help students and teachers keep abreast of and understand current events?
- 7. Will it foster and develop hobbies and special interest?
- 8. Will it help develop aesthetic tastes and appreciation?
- 9. Will it serve the needs of students with special problems?
- 10. Does it inspire learning?
- 11. Is it relevant to the subject?
- 12. Will it stimulate a student's interest?
- 4. Gifts of library or instructional materials may be accepted if the gift meets existing criteria for library and instructional materials. The acceptance and placement of such gifts shall be within the discretion of the board.
- 5. In order to provide a current, highly usable collection of materials, media specialists shall provide for constant and continuing renewal of the collection, not only the addition of upto-date materials, but by the judicious elimination of materials which no longer meet school district needs or find use. The process of weeding instructional materials will be done according to established and accepted standards for determining the relevance and value of materials in a given context.

Code No. 605.2

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS INSPECTION

Parents and other members of the school district community may view the instructional materials used by the students. All instructional materials, including teacher's manuals, films, tapes or other supplementary material which will be used in connection with any survey, analysis, or evaluation as part of any federally funded programs must be available for inspection by parents.

The instructional materials must be viewed on school district premises. Copies may be obtained according to board policy.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations regarding the inspection of instructional materials.

Legal Reference:	Goals 2000: Educate America Act, Pub. L. No. 103-227, 108 Stat. 125 (1994). Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.3, .14; 301 (2013).
Cross Reference:	 602 Curriculum Development 605 Instructional Materials 901 Public Examination of School District Records

Approved _____ Reviewed ____ Revised ____

Code No. 605.3

OBJECTION TO INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

Members of the school district community ma	ay object to the in	istructional materials ut	tilized in the school distric
and ask for their use to be reconsidered.			

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principals, to develop administrative regulations for reconsideration of instructional materials.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.3, .14; 301 (2013).		
Cross Reference:		1	
Approved	Reviewed	Revised	

Code No. 605.3E1

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE RECONSIDERATION COMMITTEE

The policy of this school district related to selection of learning materials states that any resident of the district may formally challenge instructional materials used in the district's education program. This policy allows those persons in the school and the community who are not directly involved in the selection of materials to make their own opinions known. The task of the reconsideration committee is to provide an open forum for discussion of challenged materials and to make an informed recommendations on the challenge. The meetings of the committee may be subject to the open meetings law.

The most critical component of the reconsideration process is the establishment and maintenance of the committee's credibility in the community. For this purpose, the committee is composed of community members. The community should not, therefore, infer that the Committee is biased or is obligated to uphold prior professional decisions. For this same reason, a community member will be selected to chair the committee.

The reconsideration process, the task of this committee, is just one part of the selection continuum. Material is purchased to meet a need. It is reviewed and examined, if possible, prior to purchase. It is periodically reevaluated through updating, discarding, or re-examination. The committee must be ready to acknowledge that an error in selection may have been made despite this process. Librarians and school employees regularly read great numbers of reviews in the selection process, and occasional errors are possible.

In reconsidering challenged materials, the role of the committee, and particularly the chairperson, is to produce a climate for disagreement. However, the committee should begin by finding items of agreement, keeping in mind that the larger the group participating, the greater the amount of information available and, therefore, the greater the number of possible approaches to the problem.

If the complainant chooses, the complainant may make an oral presentation to the committee to expand and elaborate on the complaint. The committee will listen to the complainant, to those with special knowledge, and any other interested persons. In these discussions, the committee should be aware of relevant social pressures which are affecting the situation. Individuals who may try to dominate or impose a decision must not be allowed to do so. Minority viewpoints expressed by groups or individuals must be heard, and observers must be made to feel welcome. It is important that the committee create a calm, nonvolatile environment in which to deal with a potentially volatile situation. To this end, the complainant will be kept informed of the progress of the complaint.

The committee will listen to the views of all interested persons before making recommendations. In deliberating its recommendations, the committee should remember that the school system must be responsive to the needs, tastes, and opinions of the community it serves. Therefore, the committee must distinguish between broad community sentiment and attempts to impose personal standards. The deliberations should concentrate on the appropriateness of the material. The question to be answered by the committee is, "Is the material appropriate for its designated audience at this time?"

The committee's final recommendation will be (1) to remove the challenged material from the total school environment, (2) to take no removal action, or (3) to agree on a limitation of the educational use of the materials.

The committee chairperson will instruct the secretary to convey the committee's recommendation to the office of the superintendent. The recommendation should detail the rationale on which it was based. A letter will be sent to the complainant outlining the outcome

Code No. 605.3E2 Page 1 of 3

RECONSIDERATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS RECONSIDERATION REQUEST FORM

Request for re-evaluation of printed or audiovisual material to be submitted to the superintendent.

REVIEW INITIATED BY:	DATE:
Name	
Address	
City/State Zip Code	Telephone
School(s) in which item is used	
Relationship to school (parent, student, citizen, etc.)_	
BOOK OR OTHER PRINTED MATERIAL IF APP Author Hardcover Paperback _	
	_ Other
Title	
Publisher (if known)	<u></u>
Date of Publication	
AUDIOVISUAL MATERIAL IF APPLICABLE: Title	
Producer (if known)	
Type of material (filmstrip, motion picture, etc.)	
PERSON MAKING THE REQUEST REPRESENTS	S: (circle one)
Self Group or Organization	n
Name of group	_
Address of Group	_

Code No. 605.3E2 Page 2 of 3

RECONSIDERATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS RECONSIDERATION REQUEST FORM

-	
,	To what in the item do you object? (please be specific; cite pages, or frames, etc.)
]	In your opinion, what harmful effects upon students might result from use of this item?
]	Do you perceive any instructional value in the use of this item?
]	Did you review the entire item? If not, what sections did you review?
-	Should the opinion of any additional experts in the field be considered? yes no
,	If yes, please list specific suggestions: To replace this item, do you recommend other material which you consider to be of equal or suguestity for the purpose intended?

Code No. 605.3E2 Page 3 of 3

RECONSIDERATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS RECONSIDERATION REQUEST FORM

8.	Do you wish	Do you wish to make an oral presentation to the Review Committee?		
	Yes (a) P	lease call	the office of the Superintendent	
	No	(b)	Please be prepared at this time to indicate the approximate length of time your presentation will require. minutes.	
	Dated		Signature	

Code No. 605.3E3

SAMPLE LETTER TO INDIVIDUAL CHALLENGING INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

Dear:
We recognize your concern about the use ofin our school listrict. The school district has developed procedures for selection of instructional materials but realizes that no everyone will agree with every selection made.
To help you understand the selection process, we are sending copies of the school districts:
 Instructional goals and objectives, Instructional Materials Selection policy statement, and Procedure for reconsideration of instructional materials. f you are still concerned after you review this material, please complete the Reconsideration Request Form and eturn it to me. You may be assured of prompt attention to your request. If I have not heard from you within on week, we will assume you no longer wish to file a formal complaint.
Sincerely,

Code No. 605.3R1
Page 1 of 3

RECONSIDERATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS REGULATION

- A. A resident of the school district may raise an objection to instructional materials used in the school district's education program despite the fact that the individuals selecting such material were duly qualified to make the selection and followed the proper procedure and observed the criteria for selecting such material.
 - 1. The school official or employee receiving a complaint regarding instructional materials shall try to resolve the issue informally. The materials shall remain in use pending the outcome of the reconsideration procedure.
 - a. The school official or employee initially receiving a complaint, shall explain to the individual the board's selection procedure, criteria to be met by the instructional materials, and qualifications of those persons selecting the material.
 - b. The school official or employee initially receiving a complaint shall explain to the individual the role of the objected material in the education program, its intended educational purpose, and additional information regarding its use. In the alternative, the employee may refer the individual to the media specialist who can identify and explain the use of the material.
 - 2. The employee receiving the initial complaint shall advise the building principal of the initial contact no later than the end of the school day following the discussion with the individual, whether or not the individual has been satisfied by the initial contact. A written record of the contact shall be maintained by the principal in charge of the attendance center. Each building principal shall inform employees of their obligation to report complaints.
 - 3. In the event the individual making an objection to instructional materials is not satisfied with the initial explanation, the individual shall be referred to the principal or to the media specialist of the attendance center. If, after consultation with the principal or media specialist, the individual desires to file a formal complaint, the principal or media specialist will assist in filling out a Reconsideration Request Form in full and filing it with the superintendent.

B. Request for Reconsideration

- 1. A resident of the school district may formally challenge instructional materials on the basis of appropriateness used in the school district's education program. This procedure is for the purpose of considering the opinions of those persons in the school district and the community who are not directly involved in the selection process.
- 2. Each attendance center and the school district's central administrative office will keep on hand and make available Reconsideration Request Forms. Formal objections to instructional materials must be made on this form.

Approved	Reviewed	Revised	
1.1			

Code No. 605.3R1 Page 2 of 3

RECONSIDERATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS REGULATION

- 3. The individual shall state the specific reason the instructional material is being challenged. The Reconsideration Request Form shall be signed by the individual and filed with the superintendent.
- 4. The superintendent shall promptly file the objection with the reconsideration committee for re-evaluation.
- 5. Generally, access to challenged instructional material shall not be restricted during the reconsideration process. However, in unusual circumstances, the instructional material may be removed temporarily by following the provisions of Section B.6.d. of this rule.
- 6. The Reconsideration Committee
 - a. The reconsideration committee shall be made up of eight members.
 - (1) One licensed employee designated annually by the superintendent.
 - (2) One media specialist designated annually by the superintendent.
 - (3) One member of the administrative team designated annually by the superintendent.
 - (4) Three members of the community appointed annually by the board.
 - (5) Two high school students, selected annually by the high school principal.
 - b. The committee shall annually select their chairperson and secretary.
 - c. The committee shall meet at the request of the superintendent.
 - d. Special meetings may be called by the board to consider temporary removal of materials in unusual circumstances. Temporary removal shall require a two-thirds vote of the committee.
 - e. Notice of committee meetings shall be made public through appropriate publications and other communications methods.
 - f. The committee shall receive the completed Reconsideration Request Form from the superintendent.
 - g. The committee shall determine its agenda for the first meeting which may include the following:
 - (1) Distribution of copies of the completed Reconsideration Request Form.
 - (2) An opportunity for the individual or a group spokesperson to talk about or expand on the Reconsideration Request Form.
 - (3) Distribution of reputable, professionally prepared reviews of the challenged instructional material if available.
 - (4) Distribution of copies of the challenged instructional material as available.
 - h. The committee may review the selection process for the challenged instructional material and may, to its satisfaction, determine that the challenge is without merit and dismiss the challenge. The committee will notify the individual and the superintendent of its action.
 - i. At a subsequent meeting, if held, interested persons, including the individual filing the challenge, may have the opportunity to share their views. The committee may request that individuals with special knowledge be present to give information to the committee.

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RECONSIDERATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS REGULATION

- j. The individual filing the challenge shall be kept informed by the reconsideration committee secretary on the status of the Reconsideration Request Form throughout the reconsideration process. The individual filing the challenge and known interested parties shall be given appropriate notice of meetings.
- k. At the second or a subsequent meeting the committee shall make its final recommendation. The committee's final recommendation may be to take no removal action, to remove the challenged material from the school environment, or to limit the educational use of the challenged material. The sole criterion for the final recommendation is the appropriateness of the material for its intended educational use. The written final recommendation and its justification are forwarded to the board for appropriate action, the individual and the appropriate attendance centers. The superintendent may also make a recommendation but if so, it should be independent from the committee's.

Following the board's decision with respect to the committee's recommendation, the individual or the chairperson of the reconsideration committee may appeal the decision to the board for review. Such appeal must be presented to the superintendent in writing within five days following the announcement of the superintendent's decision. The board will promptly determine whether to hear the appeal.

- 1. A recommendation to sustain a challenge shall not be interpreted as a judgment of irresponsibility on the part of the individuals involved in the original selection or use of the material.
- m. Requests to reconsider materials which have previously been reconsidered by the
 committee must receive approval of two-thirds of the committee members before the
 materials will again be reconsidered. Completed and filed Reconsideration Request Forms
 shall be acted upon by the committee.
- n. If necessary or appropriate in the judgment of the committee, the committee may appoint a subcommittee of members or nonmembers to consolidate challenges and to make recommendations to the full committee. The composition of this subcommittee shall approximate the representation of the full committee.
- o. Committee members directly associated with the selection, use, or challenger of the challenged material shall be excused from the committee during the deliberation of the challenged instructional materials. The superintendent may appoint a temporary replacement for the excused committee member, but the replacement shall be of the same general qualifications as the member excused.
- p. Persons dissatisfied with the decision of the board may appeal to the Iowa Board of Education pursuant to state law.

Code No. 605.4

TECHNOLOGY AND INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

The board supports the use of innovative methods and the use of technology in the delivery of the education program. The board encourages employees to investigate economic ways to utilize instructional television, audiovisual materials, computers, and other technological advances as a part of the curriculum.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop a plan for the use of technology in the curriculum and to evaluate it annually. The superintendent shall report the results of the evaluation and make a recommendation to the board annually regarding the use of technology in the curriculum.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code § 279.8 (2013). 281 I.A.C. 12.5(10), .5(22).		
Cross Reference:	602 Curriculum Dev 605 Instructional Ma	*	
Approved	Reviewed	Revised	

Code No. 605.5

SCHOOL LIBRARY

The school district will maintain a school library in each building for use by employees and by students during the school day.

Materials for the libraries will be acquired according to board policy, "Instructional Materials Selection."

It is the responsibility of the principal of the building in which the school library is located to oversee the use of materials in the library.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop procedures for the selection and replacement of both library and instructional materials, for the acceptance of gifts, for the weeding of library and instructional materials, and for the handling of challenges to either library or classroom materials.

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Legal Reference:

281 I.A.C. 12.3(11), (12).

Cross Reference: 602 Curriculum Development
605 Instructional Materials

Approved _____ Reviewed ____ Revised ____

Iowa Code §§ 256.7(24); 279.8; 280.14; 301 (2013).

INTERNET - APPROPRIATE USE

Because technology is a vital part of the school district curriculum, the Internet will be made available to employees and students. Appropriate and equitable use of the Internet will allow employees and students to access resources unavailable through traditional means.

Students will be able to access the Internet through their teachers. Individual student accounts and electronic mail addresses may be issued to students. If a student already has an electronic mail address, the student may, with the permission of the supervising teacher, be permitted to use the address to send and receive mail at school.

The Internet can provide a vast collection of educational resources for students and employees. It is a global network which makes it impossible to control all available information. Because information appears, disappears and changes constantly, it is not possible to predict or control what students may locate. The school district makes no guarantees as to the accuracy of information received on the Internet. Although students will be under teacher supervision while on the network, it is not possible to constantly monitor individual students and what they are accessing on the network. Some students might encounter information which may not be of educational value. Student Internet records and access records are confidential records treated like other student records. Students' Internet activities will be monitored by the school district to ensure students are not accessing inappropriate sites that have visual depictions that include obscenity, child pornography or are harmful to minors. The school district will use technology protection measures to protect students from inappropriate access, including sites that include obscenity, child pornography or are harmful to minors.

The school district will monitor the online activities of students and will educate students about appropriate online behavior, including interacting on social networking sites and chat rooms. Students will also be educated on cyberbullying, including awareness and response. Employees will provide age appropriate training for students who use the Internet. The training provided will be designed to promote the school district's commitment to:

- The standards and acceptable use of Internet services as set forth in the Internet Safety Policy;
- Student safety with regard to:
 - o safety on the Internet;
 - o appropriate behavior while on online, on social networking Web sites, and
 - o in chat rooms; and

Legal References

- o cyberbullying awareness and response.
- Compliance with the E-rate requirements of the Children's Internet Protection Act

Employees and students will be instructed on the appropriate use of the Internet. Parents will be required to sign a permission form to allow their students to access the Internet. Students will sign a form acknowledging they have read and understand the Internet Acceptable Use policy and regulations, that they will comply with the policy and regulations, and that they understand the consequences for violation of the policy or regulations

In compliance with federal law, this policy will be maintained at least five years beyond the termination of funding under the Children's Internet Protection Act (CIPA) or E-rate.

Legar References.	10 11 0	2000 § 277.0 (2013).	
Cross References:	104 502 506	Anti-Bullying/Harassment Student Rights and Responsibilities Student Records	
	605.5	School Library	
Approved	Rev	viewed Revised	_

Iowa Code 8 279 8 (2013)

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INTERNET - APPROPRIATE USE REGULATION

- I. Responsibility for Internet Appropriate Use.
 - A. The authority for appropriate use of electronic Internet resources is delegated to the licensed employees. For the purpose of this policy, Internet is defined as:

A collection of more than 20,000 interconnected computer networks involving an estimated 1.5 million computers and 25 million users around the world. It is a collaboration of private, public, educational, governmental and industrial sponsored networks whose operators cooperate to maintain the network infrastructure.

- B. Instruction in the proper use of the Internet system will be available to employees who will then provide similar instruction to their students.
- C. Employees are expected to practice appropriate use of the Internet, and violations may result in discipline up to, and including, discharge.

II. Internet Access.

- A. Access to the Internet is available to teachers and students as a source of information and a vehicle of communication.
- B. Students will be able to access the Internet through their teachers. Individual student accounts and electronic mail addresses may be issued to students at this time.
 - 1. Making Internet access available to students carries with it the potential that some students might encounter information that may not be appropriate for students. However, on a global network, it is impossible to control all materials. Because information on the Internet appears, disappears and changes, it is not possible to predict or control what students may locate.
 - 2. It is a goal to allow teachers and students access to the rich opportunities on the Internet, while we protect the rights of students and parents who choose not to risk exposure to questionable material.
 - 3. The smooth operation of the network relies upon the proper conduct of the end users who must adhere to strict guidelines which require efficient, ethical and legal utilization of network resources.
 - 4. To reduce unnecessary system traffic, users may use real-time conference features such as talk/chat/Internet relay chat only as approved by the supervising teacher.
 - 5. Transmission of material, information or software in violation of any board policy or regulation is prohibited.
 - 6. System users will perform a virus check on downloaded files to avoid spreading computer viruses.
 - 7. The school district makes no guarantees as to the accuracy of information received on the Internet.

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INTERNET - APPROPRIATE USE REGULATION

- III. Permission to Use Internet Annually, parents shall grant permission for their student to use the Internet using the prescribed form.
- IV. Student Use of Internet.
 - A. Equal Opportunity The Internet shall be available to all students within the school district through teacher access. The amount of time available for each student may be limited by the number of available terminals and the demands for each terminal.
 - B. On-line Etiquette.
 - 1. The use of the network is a privilege and may be taken away for violation of board policy or regulations. As a user of the Internet, students may be allowed access to other networks. Each network may have its own set of policies and procedures. It is the user's responsibility to abide by the policies and procedures of these other networks.
 - 2. Students should adhere to on-line protocol:
 - a. Respect all copyright and license agreements.
 - b. Cite all quotes, references and sources.
 - c. Remain on the system long enough to get needed information, then exit the system.
 - d. Apply the same privacy, ethical and educational considerations utilized in other forms of communication.
 - 3. Student access for electronic mail will be through the supervising teacher's account/their own account. Students should adhere to the following guidelines:
 - a. Others may be able to read or access the mail so private messages should not be sent.
 - b. Delete unwanted messages immediately.
 - c. Use of objectionable language is prohibited.
 - d. Always sign messages.
 - e. Always acknowledge receipt of a document or file.
 - C. Restricted Material Students shall not intentionally access or download any text file or picture or engage in any conference that includes material which is obscene, libelous, indecent, vulgar, profane or lewd; advertises any product or service not permitted to minors by law; constitutes insulting or fighting words, the very expression of which injures or harasses others; or presents a clear and present likelihood that, either because of its content or the manner of distribution, it will cause a material and substantial disruption of the proper and orderly operation and discipline of the school or school activities, will cause the commission of unlawful acts or the violation of lawful school regulations.
 - D. Unauthorized Costs If a student gains access to any service via the Internet which has a cost involved or if a student incurs other types of costs, the student accessing such a service will be responsible for those costs.

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INTERNET - APPROPRIATE USE REGULATION

V. Student Violations--Consequences and Notifications.

Students who access restricted items on the Internet shall be subject to the appropriate action described in board policy or regulations or the following consequences:

- 1. First Violation A verbal and written "Warning" notice will be issued to the student. The student may lose Internet access for a period of 2-15 days at the discretion of the supervising teacher. A copy of the notice will be mailed to the student's parent and a copy provided to the principal.
- 2. Second Violation A verbal and written "Second Violation" notice will be issued to the student. A copy of the notice will be sent to the student's parent and a copy provided to the building principal. The student shall forfeit all Internet privileges for a minimum period of 30 days.
- 3. Third Violation A verbal and written "Third Violation" notice will be issue to the student. A copy of the notice will be sent tot eh student's parent and a copy provided to the principal. The student shall forfeit all Internet privileges for 45 days or for the balance of the school year.
- * Violations are cumulative for the entire enrollment in Elementary, Middle School or High School. Students will be allowed a "fresh start" when they change from building to building. In a particular building (example High School), if a student gets 2 violations during Grade 9 and 1 violation in Grade 11; the Grade 11 violation would be violation #3 and the above disciplinary action would be implemented.
- *Students will be allowed access to the Internet when they and their parent and/or guardian have signed an Acceptable Use Policy and is on file with the building principal.
- *Students may appeal the implementation of each violation in the following order in the appeal process.
 - 1. Individual Teacher
 - 2. Building Administrator
 - 3. Appeal Committee

INTERNET ACCESS PERMISSION LETTER TO PARENTS

Your child has access to electronic communication known as the Internet. The Internet is a collection of more than 20,000 interconnected computer networks. The vast domain of information contained within Internet's libraries can provide unlimited opportunities to students.

Students will be able to access the Internet through their teachers. Individual student accounts and electronic mail addresses will be issued to students at this time. If a student already has an electronic mail address, he/she may,(with permission of the supervising teacher) be permitted to use the address to send and receive mail at school.

Students will be expected to abide by the following network etiquette:

- The use of the network is a privilege and may be taken away for violation of board policy or regulations. As a user of the Internet, students may be allowed access to other networks. Each network may have its own set of policies and procedures. Students will abide by the polices and procedures of these other networks.
- Students will respect all copyright and license agreements.
- Students will cite all quotes, references, and sources.
- Students will only remain on the system long enough to get needed information.
- Students will apply the same privacy, ethical and educational considerations utilized in other forms of communication.
- Student access for electronic mail will be through (the supervising teacher's account/their own account). Students should adhere to the following guidelines:
 - a. Others may be able to read or access the mail, so private messages should not be sent.
 - b. Delete unwanted messages immediately.
 - c. Use of objectionable language is prohibited.

Approved Reviewed Revised

- d. Always sign messages.
- e. Always acknowledge receipt of a document or file.
- Students accessing Internet services that have a cost involved will be responsible for payment of those costs.

Please sign the form if you would like your child to be granted Internet access and return the permission form to your child's school.

Student Name _____ School ____ Grade _____

Parent and/or Guardian's Signature/Date) _____

If you have granted your child Internet access, please have them respond to the following:

I have read the expected network etiquette and agree to abide by these provisions. I understand that violation of these provisions may constitute suspension or revocation of Internet privileges.

I agree to be responsible for payment of costs incurred by accessing any Internet services that have a cost involved.

(Student Signature/Date)

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INTERNET APPROPRIATE USE VIOLATION RECORD

Student:
Teacher:
Date:
Students who access restricted items on the Internet are subject to the appropriate action described in the school's discipline policy or student handbook or to the following consequences:
First Offense: The above student has violated the Student Internet Policy by intentionally accessing restricted material. He/She may lose Internet access for up to three weeks at the discretion of the supervising teacher. A second offense will result in the student losing Internet access for a period of 10 school days except class time.
Second Offense: The above student has violated the Student Internet Policy by intentionally accessing restricted material for a second time. As a consequence of this violation the above student has lost Internet access for a period of 10 school days.
Third Offense: The above student has violated the Student Internet Policy by intentionally accessing restricted material for a third time. As a consequence of this violation the above student has forfeited all Internet privileges for a period of 18 consecutive school weeks (penalty will be carried over to the next school year if applicable).

Approved _____ Reviewed ____ Revised ____

Code No. 605.6E2 Page 2 of 2

INTERNET APPROPRIATE USE VIOLATION RECORD

INTERNET VIOLATION REPORT FORM

Student Name	-
Date	
Reported By	
Incident:	
Additional Comments:	
Student Signature/Date	
Teacher Signature/Date	
Principal Signature/Date	

Code No. 605.7

SCHOOL DISTRICT WEB PAGE

The Internet provides a valuable learning tool for students and staff and offers another communications vehicle for informing the public about school programs and activities. The board authorizes the establishment of a school district web page, individual attendance center web pages, special program web pages. Only those web pages approved by the board and maintained in accordance with board policy and administrative procedures will be recognized as official representations of the school district.

The superintendent is responsible for assigning an individual responsible for maintaining the web pages. The superintendent, in conjunction with the responsible individual, will develop administrative regulations regarding the web site.

Legal References:	Iowa Code 279.8 (2001)		
Cross References:	502 605 605.5	Student Rights and Responsibilities Student Records School Library	
Approved	Rev	viewed Revised	

SCHOOL DISTRICT WEB PAGE ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATION ISSUES TO CONSIDER

School district web sites will provide current and useful information regarding school district programs, activities, calendars and operations. Information will be appropriate for internal and external audiences. The content of the web site may include school district mission, goals, school improvement plan and annual report to the community; school news; board materials such as meeting agendas, minutes and policies; lunch menus; transportation schedules; inclement weather notices; parent conferences; student handbook; and links to other educational organizations.

Confidentiality

- To what extent will the school district publish personal information about students?
- Will the school district's directory information policy apply equally to web site as it does other school district items?
- If your school district directory information policy allows you to publish photographs without prior parental consent, will you also publish on the web site? Will you get a second parental consent for web site photographs?
- Even though employee names, school phone numbers and e-mail addresses are public records, nothing requires school districts to publish that information on the web site to what extent, if at all, will your district publish this information?
- Will the web site include addresses, phone numbers or e-mail addresses of school board members?

Quality Control

- Who is responsible for controlling the web site?
- To what extent are others, teacher, students, etc. allowed to control or add items on the web site?
- Who is allowed to post on the web site, with or without another's permission or consent?
- Who is responsible for maintaining timeliness of issues, weeding off outdated postings?
- Will the district allow staff to have their own web sited separated from the official school district one?

Advertising

- Will the board allow outside groups to advertise on the web site?
- Will it limit advertising to education related groups or organizations?
- How will it charge for advertising?
- How will advertising be monitored for timeliness?

Links

- Will the web site contain links to other sites?
- To what types of other sites will the web site link? Education related, local community, etc.?

Content

- Will student work be posted on the web site?
- Who is responsible for monitoring copyright and trademark issues?

If your board determines to consider student articles on the web site as protected by Iowa Code 280.22, consider adding a disclaimer: Student expression on the school district web site will not be deemed to be an expression of the school district. The school district, the board, and the employees or officials are not liable in any civil or criminal action for any student expression made by students unless the employees or officials have interfered with or altered the content of the student expression.

USE OF INFORMATION RESOURCES

In order for students to experience a diverse curriculum, the board encourages employees to supplement their regular curricular materials with other resources. In so doing, the board recognizes that federal law makes it illegal to duplicate copyrighted materials without authorization of the holder of the copyright, except for certain exempt purposes. Severe penalties may be imposed for plagiarism, unauthorized copying or using of media, including, but not limited to, print, electronic and web-based materials, unless the copying or using conforms to the "fair use" doctrine. Under the "fair use" doctrine, unauthorized reproduction of copyrighted materials is permissible for such purposes as criticism, comment, news reporting, teaching, scholarship or research providing that all fair use guidelines are met.

While the school district encourages employees to enrich the learning programs by making proper use of supplementary materials, it is the responsibility of employees to abide by the school district's copying procedures and obey the requirements of the law. In no circumstances shall it be necessary for school district staff to violate copyright requirements in order to perform their duties properly. The school district will not be responsible for any violations of the copyright law by employees or students. Violation of the copyright law by employees may result in discipline up to, and including, termination. Violation of the copyright law by students may result in discipline, up to and including, suspension or expulsion.

Parents or others who wish to record, by any means, school programs or other activities need to realize that even though the school district received permission to perform a copyrighted work does not mean outsiders can copy it and re-play it. Those who wish to do so should contact the employee in charge of the activity to determine what the process is to ensure the copyright law is followed. The school district is not responsible for outsiders violating the copyright law or this policy.

Any employee or student who is uncertain as to whether reproducing or using copyrighted material complies with the school district's procedures or is permissible under the law should contact the principal, teacher, or librarian who will also assist employees and students in obtaining proper authorization to copy or use protected material when such authorization is required.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, teacher, or librarian, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal References:	17 U.S.C. § 101 et al. 281 I.A.C. 12.3(12).	(2012)	
Cross Reference:	605.6 Internet Approp	riate Use	
Approved	Reviewed	Revised	

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USE OF INFORMATION RESOURCES REGULATION

Employees and students may make copies of copyrighted materials that fall within the following guidelines. Where there is reason to believe the material to be copied does not fall within these guidelines, prior permission shall be obtained from the publisher or producer with the assistance of the principal, teacher, or librarian. Employees and students who fail to follow this procedure may be held personally liable for copyright infringement and may be subject to discipline by the board.

Under the "fair use" doctrine, unauthorized reproduction of copyrighted materials is permissible for such purposes as criticism, comment, news reporting, teaching, scholarship or research. Under the fair use doctrine, each of the following four standards must be met in order to use the copyrighted document:

- Purpose and Character of the use The use must be for such purposes as teaching or scholarship.
- Nature of the Copyrighted Work The type of work to be copied.
- Amount and Substantiality of the Portion used Copying the whole of a work cannot be considered fair use; copying a small portion may be if these guidelines are followed.
- Effect of the Use Upon the Potential Market for or value of the Copyrighted Work If resulting economic loss to the copyright holder can be shown, even making a single copy of certain materials may be an infringement, and making multiple copies presents the dancer of greater penalties.

Authorized Reproduction and Use of Copyrighted Material Reminders:

- Materials on the Internet should be used with caution since they may, and likely are, copyrighted.
- Proper attribution (author, title, publisher, place and date of publication) should always be given.
- Notice should be taken of any alterations to copyrighted works, and such alterations should only be made for specific instructional objectives.
- Care should be taken in circumventing any technological protection measures. While materials copied pursuant to fair use may be copied after circumventing technological protections against unauthorized copying, technological protection measures to block access to materials may not be circumvented.

In preparing for instruction, a teacher may make of have made a single copy of:

- A chapter from a book;
- An article from a newspaper or periodical;
- A short story, short essay or short poem; or,
- A chart, graph, diagram, drawing, cartoon or picture from a book, periodical or newspaper.

A teacher may make multiple copies not exceeding more than one per pupil, for classroom use or discussion, if the copying meets the tests of "brevity, spontaneity and cumulative effect" set by the following guidelines. Each copy must include a notice of copyright.

Brevity

- A complete poem, if less than 250 words and two pages long, may be copied; excerpts from longer poems cannot exceed 250 words;
- O Complete articles, stories or essays of less than 2500 words or excerpts from prose works less than 1000 words or 10% of the work, whichever is less may be copied; in any event, the minimum is 500 words:
- Each numerical limit may be expanded to permit the completion of an unfinished line of a poem or prose paragraph;

Code No. 605.7R1 Page 2 of 5

USE OF INFORMATION RESOURCES REGULATION

- One chart, graph, diagram, drawing, cartoon or picture per book or periodical issue may be copied. "Special" works cannot be reproduced in full; this includes children's books combining poetry, prose or poetic prose. Short special works may be copied up to two published pages containing not more than 10 percent of the work.
- Spontaneity Should be at the "instance and inspiration" of the individual teacher when there is not a reasonable length of time to request and receive permission to copy.
- Cumulative Effect Teachers are limited to using copied material for only one course for which copies are made. No more than one short poem, article, story or two excerpts from the same author may be copied, and no ore than three works can be copied from a collective work or periodical column during one class term. Teachers are limited to nine instances of multiple copying for one course during one class term. Limitations do not apply to current news periodicals, newspapers and current news sections of other periodicals.

Copying Limitations

Circumstances will arise when employees are uncertain whether or not copying is prohibited. In those circumstances, the principal, teacher or librarian should be contacted. The following prohibitions have been expressly stated in federal guidelines:

- Reproduction of copyrighted materials shall not be used to create or substitute for anthologies, compilations or collective works.
- Unless expressly permitted by agreement with the publisher and authorized by school district action, there shall be no copying from copyrighted consumable materials such as workbooks, exercises, test booklets, answer sheets and the like.
- Employees shall not:
 - Use copies to substitute for the purchase of books, periodicals, music recordings, consumable works such as workbooks, computer software or other copyrighted material. Copy or use the same item from term to term without the copyright owner's permission;
 - O Copy or use more than nine instances of multiple copying of protected material in any one term:
 - O Copy or use more than one short work or two excerpts from works of the same author in any one term:
 - Copy or use protected material without including a notice of copyright. The following is a satisfactory notice: NOTICE: THIS MATERIAL MAY BE PROTECTED BY COPYRIGHT LAW.
 - Reproduce or use copyrighted material at the direction of someone in higher authority or copy or use such material in emulation of some other teacher's use of copyrighted material without permission of the copyright owner.
 - o Require other employees or students to violate the copyright law or fair use guidelines.

Authorized Reproduction and Use of Copyrighted Materials in the Library

A library may make a single copy or three digital copies of:

- An unpublished work in its collection;
- A published work in order to replace it because it is damaged, deteriorated, lost or stolen, provided that an unused replacement cannot be obtained at a fair price.
- A work that is being considered for acquisition, although use is strictly limited to that decision. Technological protection measures may be circumvented for purposes of copying materials in order to make an acquisition decision.

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USE OF INFORMATION RESOURCES REGULATION

A library may provide a single copy of copyrighted material to a student or employee at no more than the actual cost of photocopying. The copy must be limited to one article of a periodical issue or a small part of other material, unless the library finds that the copyrighted work cannot be obtained elsewhere at a fair price. In the latter circumstance, the entire work may be copied. In any case, the copy shall contain the notice of copyright and the student or staff member shall be notified that the copy is to be used only for private study, scholarship or research. Any other use may subject the person to liability for copyright infringement.

Authorized Reproduction and Use of Copyrighted Music or Dramatic Works

Teachers may:

- Make a single copy of a song, movement, or short section from a printed musical or dramatic work that is unavailable except in a larger work for purposes of preparing for instruction;
- Make multiple copies for classroom use of an excerpt of not more than 10% of a printed musical work if
 it is to be used for academic purposes other than performance, provided that the excerpt does not
 comprise a part of the whole musical work which would constitute a performable unit such as a complete
 section, movement, or song;
- In an emergency, a teacher may make and use replacement copies of printed music for an imminent musical performance when the purchased copies have been lost, destroyed or are otherwise not available.
- Make and retain a single recording of student performances of copyrighted material when it is made for purposes of evaluation or rehearsal;
- Make and retain a single copy of excerpts from recordings of copyrighted musical works for use as aural exercises or examination questions; and,
- Edit or simplify purchased copies of music or plays provided that the fundamental character of the work is not distorted. Lyrics shall not be altered or added if none exist.

Performance by teachers or students of copyrighted musical or dramatic works is permitted without the authorization of the copyright owner as part of a teaching activity in a classroom or instructional setting. The purpose shall be instructional rather than for entertainment.

Performances of nondramatic musical works that are copyrighted are permitted without the authorization of the copyright owner, provided that:

- The performance is not for a commercial purpose;
- None of the performers, promoters or organizers are compensated; and,
- Admission fees are used for educational or charitable purposes only.

All other musical and dramatic performances require permission from the copyright owner. Parents or others wishing to record a performance should check with the sponsor to ensure compliance with copyright.

Recording of Copyrighted Programs

Television programs, excluding news programs, transmitted by commercial and non-commercial television stations for reception by the general public without charge may be recorded off-air simultaneously with broadcast transmission (including simultaneous cable retransmission and retained by a school for a period not to exceed the first forty-five (45) consecutive calendar days after date of recording. Upon conclusion of this retention period, all off-air recordings must be erased or destroyed immediately. Certain programming such as that provided on public television may be exempt from this provision; check with the principal, teacher, or librarian or the subscription database, e.g. united streaming.

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USE OF INFORMATION RESOURCES REGULATION

Off-air recording may be used once by individual teachers in the course of instructional activities, and repeated once only when reinforcement is necessary, within a building, during the first 10 consecutive school days, excluding scheduled interruptions, in the 45 calendar day retention period. Off-air recordings may be made only at the request of and used by individual teachers, and may not be regularly recorded in anticipation of requests. No broadcast program may be recorded off-air more than once at the request of the same teacher, regardless of the number of times the program may be broadcast. A limited number of copies may be reproduced from each off-air recording to meet the legitimate needs of teachers. Each additional copy shall be subject to all provisions governing the original recording.

After the first ten consecutive school days, off-air recordings may be used up to the end of the 45 calendar day retention period only for evaluation purposes, i.e., to determine whether or not to include the broadcast program in the teaching curriculum. Permission must be secured from the publisher before the recording can be used for instructional purposes after the 10 day period.

Off-aid recordings need not be used in their entirety, but the recorded programs may not be altered from their original content. Off-air recordings may not be physically or electronically combined or merged to constitute teaching anthologies or compilations. All copies of off-air recordings must include the copyright notice on the broadcast program as recorded.

Authorized Reproduction and Use of Copyrighted Computer Software

Schools have a valid need for high-quality software at reasonable prices. To assure a fair return to the authors of software programs, the school district shall support the legal and ethical issues involved in copyright laws and any usage agreements that are incorporated into the acquisition of software programs. To this end, the following guidelines shall be in effect:

- All copyright laws and publisher license agreements between the vendor and the school district shall be observed:
- Staff members shall take reasonable precautions to prevent copying or the use of unauthorized copies on school equipment;
- A back-up copy shall be purchased, for use as a replacement when a program is lost or damaged. If the vendor is not able to supply a replacement, the school district shall make a back-up copy that will be used for replacement purposes only;
- A copy of the software license agreement shall be retained by the board secretary, technology director, or librarian; and,
- A computer program may be adapted by adding to the content or changing the language. The adapted program may not be distributed.

Fair Use Guidelines for Educational Multimedia

Students may incorporate portions of copyrighted materials in producing educational multimedia projects such as videos, Power Points, podcasts and web sites for a specific course, and may perform, display or retain the projects.

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USE OF INFORMATION RESOURCES REGULATION

Educators may perform or display their own multimedia projects to students in support of curriculum-based instructional activities. These projects may be used:

- In face-to-face instruction;
- In demonstrations and presentations, including conferences;
- In assignments to students;
- For remote instruction if distribution of the signal is limited;
- Over a network that cannot prevent duplication for fifteen days, after fifteen days a copy may be saved onsite only; or,
- In their personal portfolios.

Educators may use copyrighted materials in a multimedia project for two years, after that permission must be requested and received.

The following limitations restrict the portion of any given work that may be used pursuant of fair use in an educational multimedia project:

- Motion media: ten percent or three minutes, whichever is less;
- Text materials: ten percent or 1,000 words, whichever is less;
- Poetry: an entire poem of fewer than 250 words, but no more than three poems from one author or five poems from an anthology. For poems of greater than 250 words, excerpts of up to 250 words may be used, but no more than three excerpts from one poet or five excerpts from an anthology;
- Music, lyrics and music video: Up to ten percent, but no more than thirty seconds. No alterations that change the basic melody or fundamental character of the work;
- Illustrations, cartoons and photographs: No more than five images by an artist, and no more than ten percent or fifteen images whichever is less from a collective work;
- Numerical data sets: Up to ten percent or 2,500 field or cell entries, whichever is less;

Fair use does not include posting a student or teacher's work on the Internet if it includes portions of copyrighted materials. Permission to copy shall be obtained from the original copyright holder(s) before such projects are placed online. The opening screen of such presentations shall include notice that permission was granted and materials are restricted from further use.

Code No. 606.1

CLASS SIZE - CLASS GROUPING

It shall be within the sole discretion of the board to determine the size of classes and to determine whether class grouping shall take place. The board may review the class sizes annually.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation to the board on class size based upon the financial condition of the school district, the qualifications of and number of licensed employees, and other factors deemed relevant to the board.

Approved	Reviewed	Revised	
Cross Reference:	606.6 Insufficient Cla	assroom Space	
Legal Reference:	Iowa Code §§ 279.8;	280.3 (2013).	

SCHOOL CEREMONIES AND OBSERVANCES

The school district will continue school ceremonies and observances which have become a tradition and a custom of the education program. These include, but are not limited to, reciting the Pledge of Allegiance and observance of holidays, such as Christmas, Halloween and Easter, by programs and performances. Such ceremonies or observances shall have a secular purpose and shall not advocate or sponsor a particular religion.

Students who do not wish to participate in these activities may be silent during the ceremony or observance or receive permission from the principal to be excused from the ceremony for religious reasons in compliance with board policy.

legal Reference:	U.S. Const. amend. I. Lee v. Weisman, 112 S.Ct. 2649 (1992). Lemon v. Kurtzman, 403 U.S. 602, (1971). Graham v. Central Community School District of Decatur County, 608 F.Supp. 531 (S.D. Iowa 1985). Iowa Code § 279.8 (2013).
Cross Reference:	603 Instructional Curriculum 604.5 Religious-Based Exclusion From A School Program
Approved	Reviewed Revised

Code No. 606.3

ANIMALS IN THE CLASSROOM/GROUNDS

Live animals will not be allowed in school district facilities and/or grounds except under special circumstances and only for an educational purpose. Permission from the principal will be required of anyone wishing to bring an animal into school district facilities and/or grounds. Appropriate supervision of animals is required when animals are brought into the school district facilities and/or grounds.

The person bringing the animal must furnish transportation for the animal brought to school. Animals will not be allowed to travel to and from the student's attendance center on the school bus without prior approval from the principal/transportation director.

It shall be the responsibility of the principal to determine appropriate supervision of animals in the classroom and/or grounds.

Owners of these animals will be responsible for controlling the animal's actions.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code § 279.8 (20	013).	
Cross Reference:	507 Student Health ar	nd Well-Being	
Approved	Reviewed	Revised	

Code No. 606.4

STUDENT PRODUCTION OF MATERIALS AND SERVICES

Materials and services produced by students at the expense of the school district are to be the property of the school district. Materials and services produced by students at the student's expense, except for incidental expense to the school district, are the property of the student.

It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to determine incidental expense.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code § 279.8 (20)	13).	
Cross Reference:	408.2 Licensed Employ	yee Publication or Creation of I	Materials
Approved	Reviewed	Revised	

Code No. 606.5

STUDENT FIELD TRIPS AND EXCURSIONS

The principal may authorize field trips and excursions when such events contribute to the achievement of education goals of the school district. The school district will provide transportation for field trips and excursions.

In authorizing field trips and excursions, the principal shall consider the financial condition of the school district, the educational benefit of the activity, the inherent risks or dangers of the activity, and other factors deemed relevant by the superintendent. Written parental permission will be required prior to the student's participation in field trips and excursions. The superintendent's approval will be required for field trips and excursions. Board approval will be required for field trips and excursions which involve unusual length or expense.

Field trips and excursions are to be arranged with the principal well in advance. A detailed schedule and budget must be submitted by the employee. The school district will be responsible for obtaining a substitute teacher if one is needed. Following field trips and excursions, the teacher may be required to submit a written summary of the event.

Legai Reference.	Iowa C	Code § 279.8 (20 A.C. 43.9.	` /	
Cross Reference:	503.1 503.4 603 711	Student Cond Good Conduct Instructional C Transportation	Rule Curriculum	
Approved	Re	eviewed	Revised	

200 CED Dt 200 2(6) (2012)

INSUFFICIENT CLASSROOM SPACE

Insufficient classroom space shall be determined on a case-by-case basis. In making its determination whether insufficient classroom space exists, the board may consider several factors, including but not limited to, the nature of the education program, the grade level, the available licensed employees, the instructional method, the physical space, student-teacher ratios, equipment and materials, facilities either being planned or under construction, facilities planned to be closed, financial condition of the school district and projected to be available, a sharing agreement in force or planned, a bargaining agreement in force, laws or rules governing special education class size, board-adopted school district goals and objectives, and other factors considered relevant by the board.

This policy shall be reviewed by the board annually. It shall be the responsibility of the superintendent to bring this policy to the attention of the board each year.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code § 282.18(1 281 I.A.C. 17.6(3).	3) (2013).
Cross Reference:		nd Operational Planning nent Transfers - Procedures as a Receiving Distric lass Grouping
Approved	Reviewed	Revised

Code No. 607.1

STUDENT GUIDANCE AND COUNSELING PROGRAM

The board shall provide a student guidance and counseling program. The guidance counselor shall be certified with the Iowa Department of Education and hold the qualifications required by the board. The guidance and counseling program will serve grades kindergarten through twelve. The program will assist students with their personal, educational, and career development. The program shall be coordinated with the education program and involve licensed employees.

Legal Reference:	Iowa Code § 622.10 (2 281 I.A.C. 12.3(6); .5(•	
Cross Reference:	506 Student Records 603 Instructional Cu 604.4 Program for At	rriculum	
Approved	Reviewed	Revised	

STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES

Health services shall be coordinated with the health education and physical education curriculum. The program shall be designed to help each student protect, improve and maintain physical, emotional and social well-being. Areas to be considered include, but are not limited to:

- Environmental health and safety;
- Emergency health procedures and responsibilities;
- Health promotion;
- Communicable disease prevention and control;
- Staffing for the school health program;
- Administering of prescription medication;
- Acute or chronic health problems;
- Health assessment and screening;
- Record keeping; and
- Program evaluation.

Nurses and other medical employees employed by or requested to conduct services for the board shall hold and maintain a current Iowa license and meet the requirements of the Iowa Department of Education if required by the school district. In addition to the health services provided in the curriculum, the school district will provide the following district-wide health services:

- Annual vision screening tests;
- Annual audiometer screening tests;
- Annual spinal screening;
- Annual height and weight measurement; and
- Furnish evidence of immunization for students to the State Board of Health within the first thirty days of the school year.

The services listed above will be provided in conjunction with state public health officials and local hospitals.

The nurse/health service shall provide a written report on the role of health services in the education program to the board annually.

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Legal Reference:
                   No Child Left Behind, Title II, Sec. 1061, P.L. 107-110 (2002).
                    42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 et seq. (2012).
                    34 C.F.R. pt. 99, 104, 200, 300 et seq. (2012)
                    29 U.S.C. § 794(a)(2012)
                    28 C.F.R. 35
                    20 U.S.C. 1232g § 1400 6301 et seq. (2012).
                    Iowa Code §§ 22.7, 139A.3. .8, .21; 143.1, 152, 256.7(24), .11, 280.23 (2013).
                    281 I.A.C. 12.3(4), (7), (11); 12.4(12); 12.8; 41.405.
                    282 I.A.C. 15.3(14); 22.
                    641 I.A.C. 7.
                    655 I.A.C. 6, 6.3(1), 6.3(6), 6.6(1), 7.
Cross Reference:
                    501.4
                                Entrance - Admissions
                    507
                                Student Health and Well-Being
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Approved Reviewed Revised